

Fast neutron inelastic scattering

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Data needs for transmutation facilities

Table 32. Summary of Highest Priority Target Accuracies for Fast Reactors

		Energy Range	Current Accuracy (%)	Target Accuracy (%)
U238	σ_{inel}	6.07 $\div$ 0.498 MeV	10 $\div$ 20	2 $\div$ 3
	σ_{capt}	24.8 $\div$ 2.04 keV	3 $\div$ 9	1.5 $\div$ 2
Pu241	σ_{fiss}	1.35 MeV $\div$ 454 eV	8 $\div$ 20	2 $\div$ 3 (SFR, GFR, LFR) 5 $\div$ 8 (ABTR, EFR)
Pu239	σ_{capt}	498 $\div$ 2.04 keV	7 $\div$ 15	4 $\div$ 7
Pu240	σ_{fiss}	1.35 $\div$ 0.498 MeV	6	1.5 $\div$ 2
	ν	1.35 $\div$ 0.498 MeV	4	1 $\div$ 3
Pu242	σ_{fiss}	2.23 $\div$ 0.498 MeV	19 $\div$ 21	3 $\div$ 5
Pu238	σ_{fiss}	1.35 $\div$ 0.183 MeV	17	3 $\div$ 5
Am242m	σ_{fiss}	1.35 MeV $\div$ 67.4 keV	17	3 $\div$ 4
Am241	σ_{fiss}	6.07 $\div$ 2.23 MeV	12	3
Cm244	σ_{fiss}	1.35 $\div$ 0.498 MeV	50	5
Cm245	σ_{fiss}	183 $\div$ 67.4 keV	47	7
Fe56	σ_{inel}	2.23 $\div$ 0.498 MeV	16 $\div$ 25	3 $\div$ 6
Na23	σ_{inel}	1.35 $\div$ 0.498 MeV	28	4 $\div$ 10
Pb206	σ_{inel}	2.23 $\div$ 1.35 MeV	14	3
Pb207	σ_{inel}	1.35 $\div$ 0.498 MeV	11	3
Si28	σ_{inel}	6.07 $\div$ 1.35 MeV	14 $\div$ 50	3 $\div$ 6
	σ_{capt}	19.6 $\div$ 6.07 MeV	53	6

For simulations and calculations to design Gen IV reactors/ADS **detailed knowledge about the neutron interactions in the relevant energy region are necessary**

➔ for nuclei to be transmuted as well as for structural materials

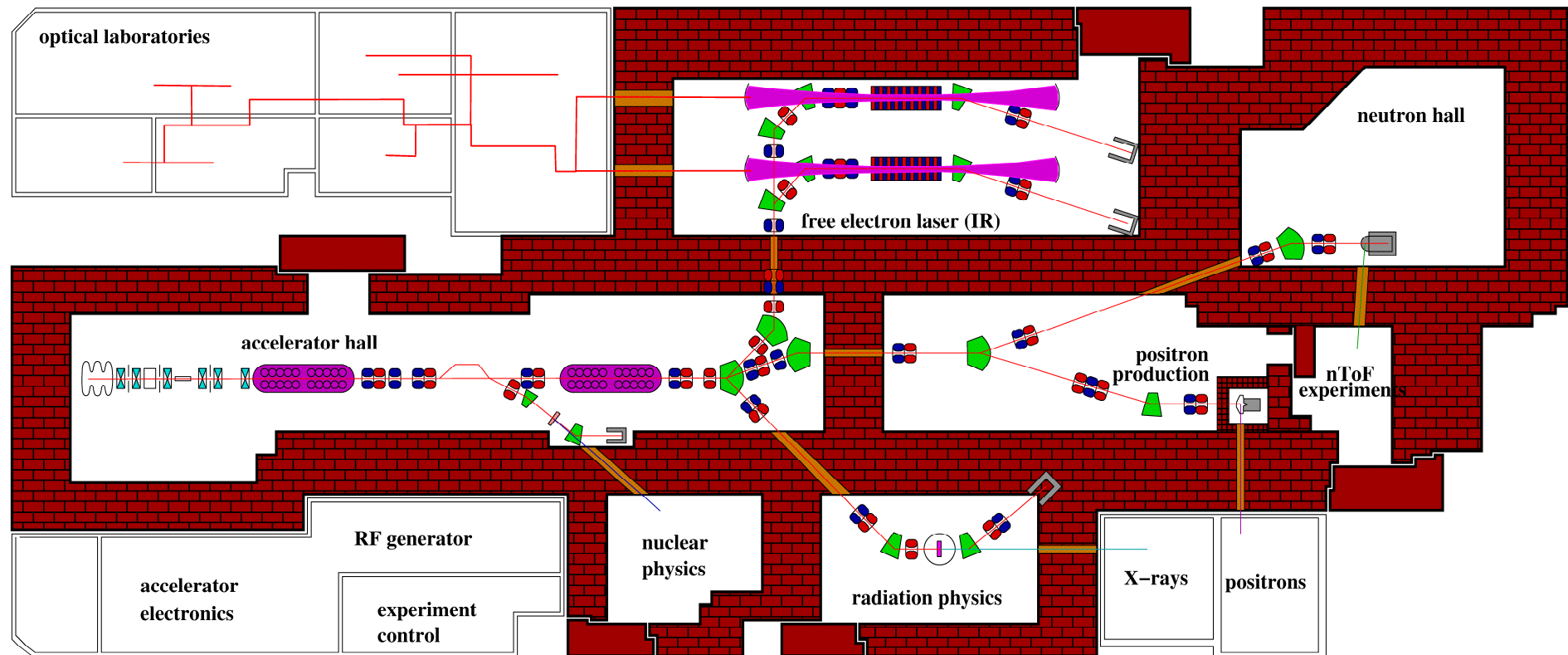
➔ fast neutron spectrum

- neutron capture
- neutron induced fission
- neutron inelastic scattering

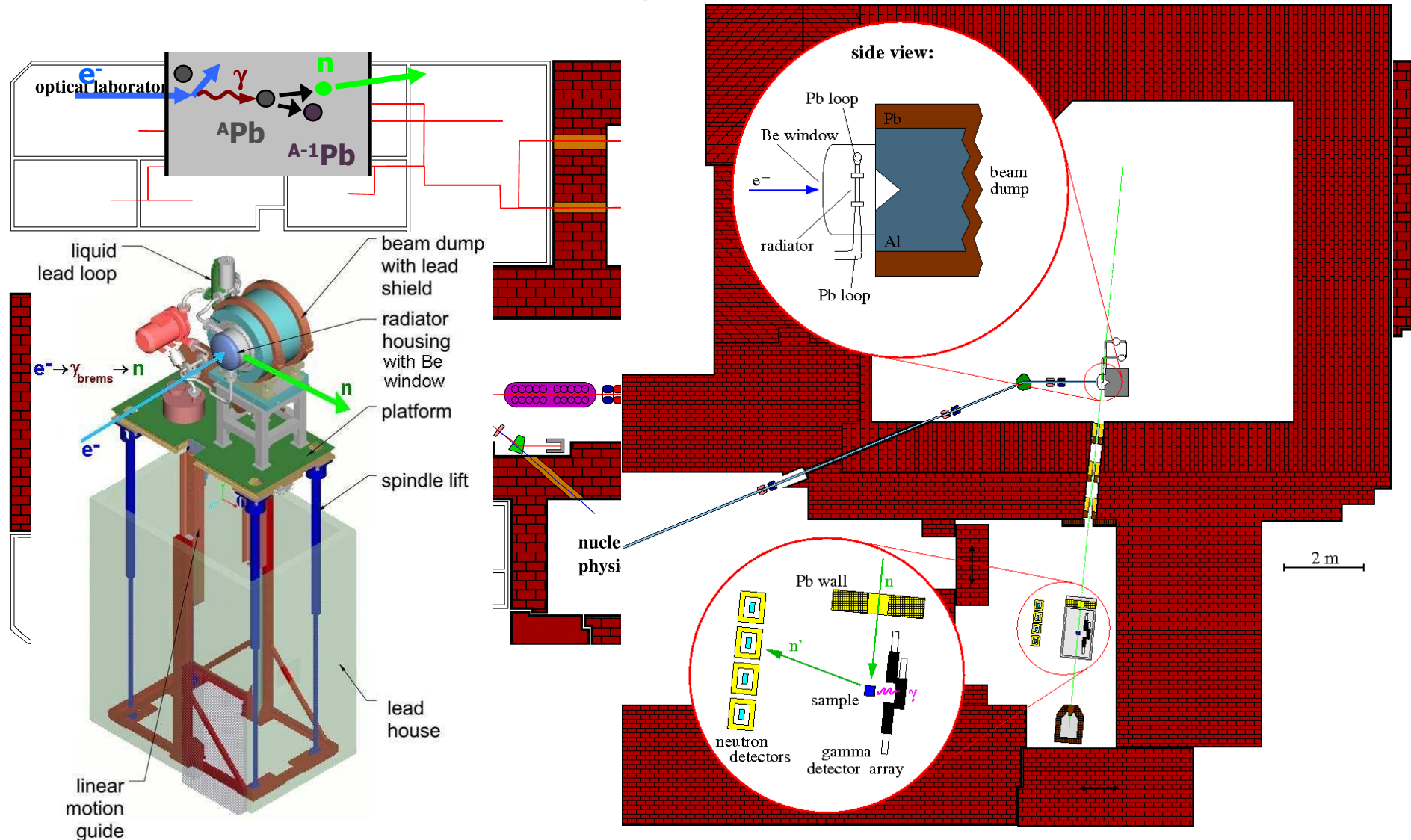
➔ $^{56}\text{Fe} (n, n'\gamma) ^{56}\text{Fe}$

<http://www.nea.fr/html/science/wpec/volume26/volume26.pdf>

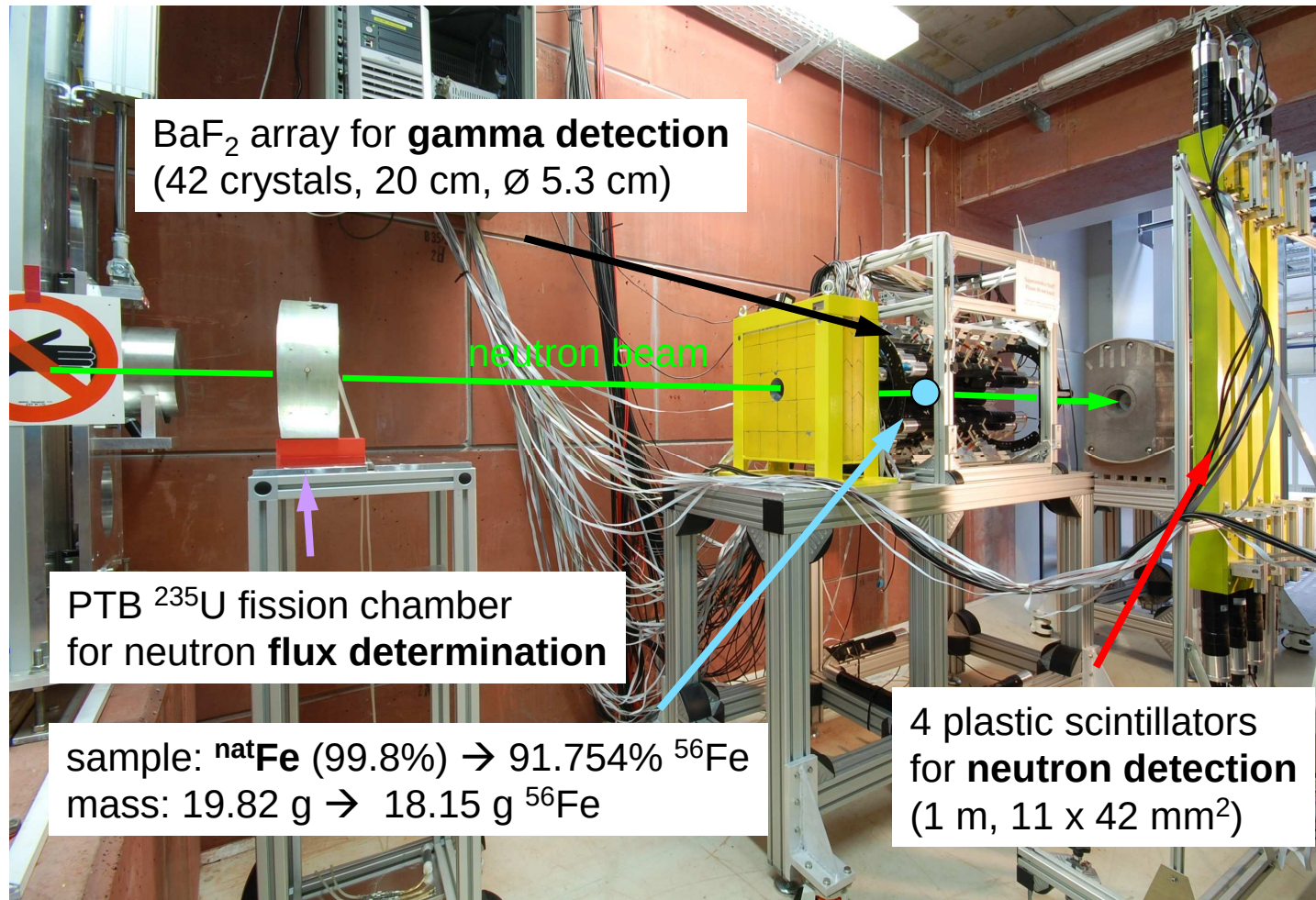
nELBE – neutron facility at ELBE



nELBE – neutron facility at ELBE



nELBE – detector setup



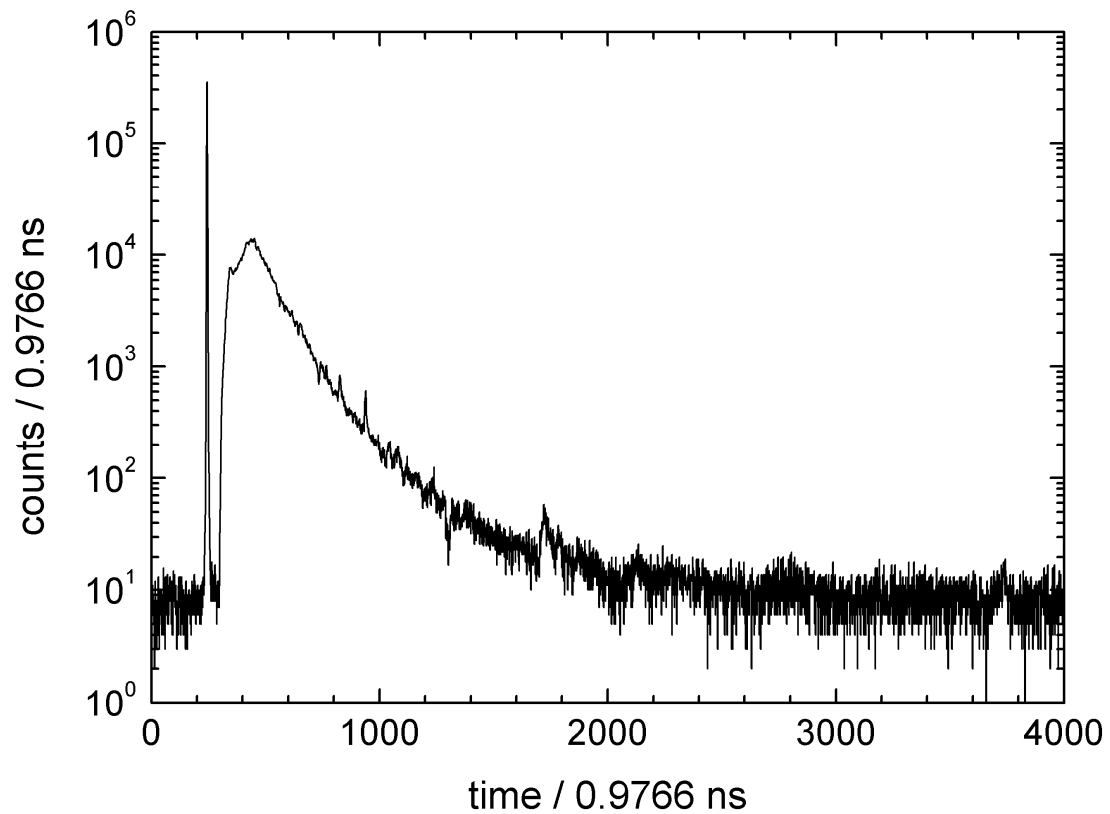
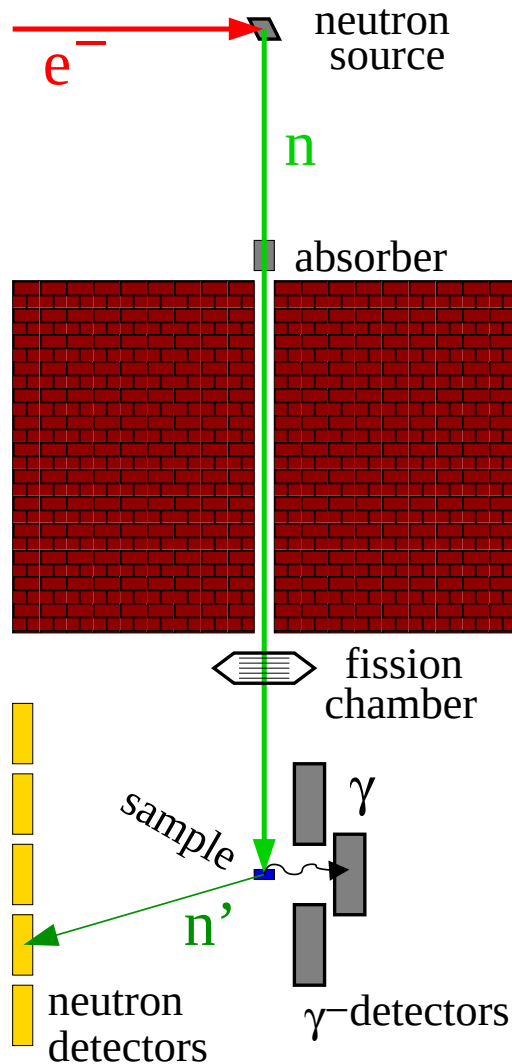
flight paths:

source - sample:
600 cm

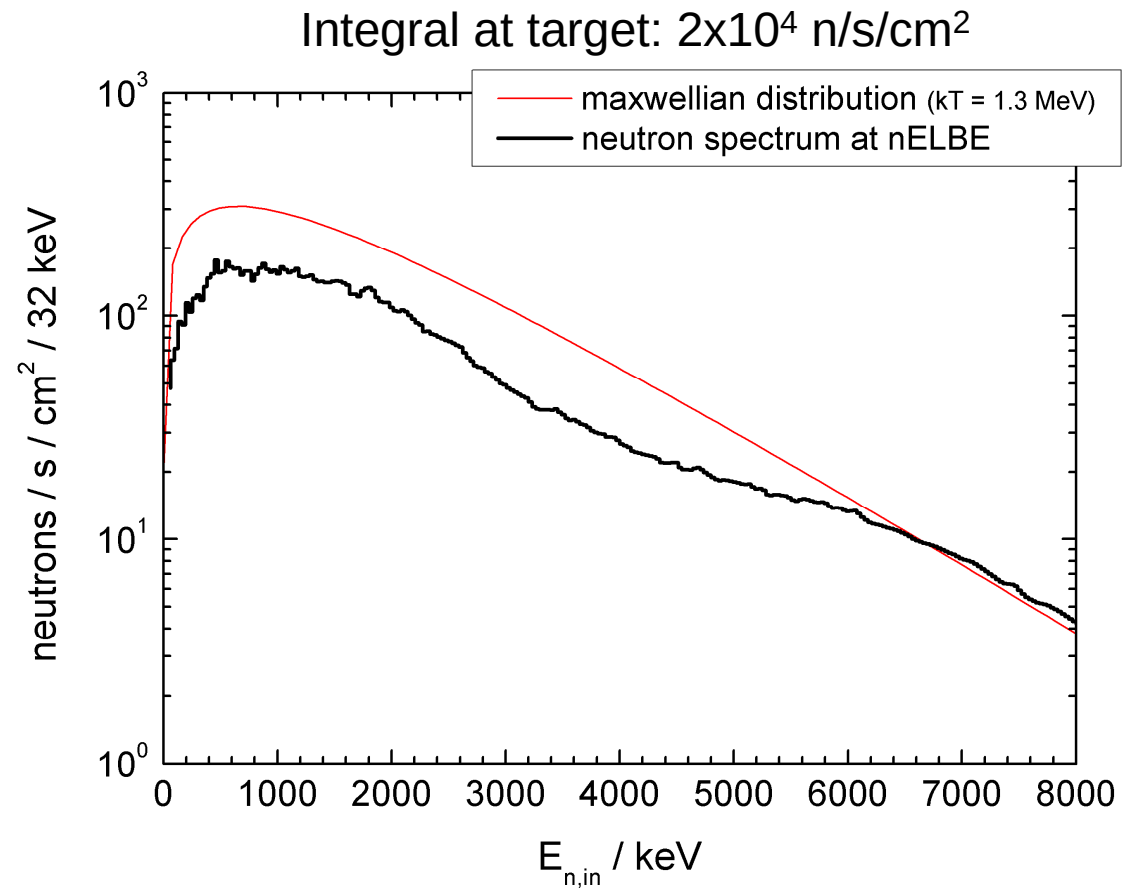
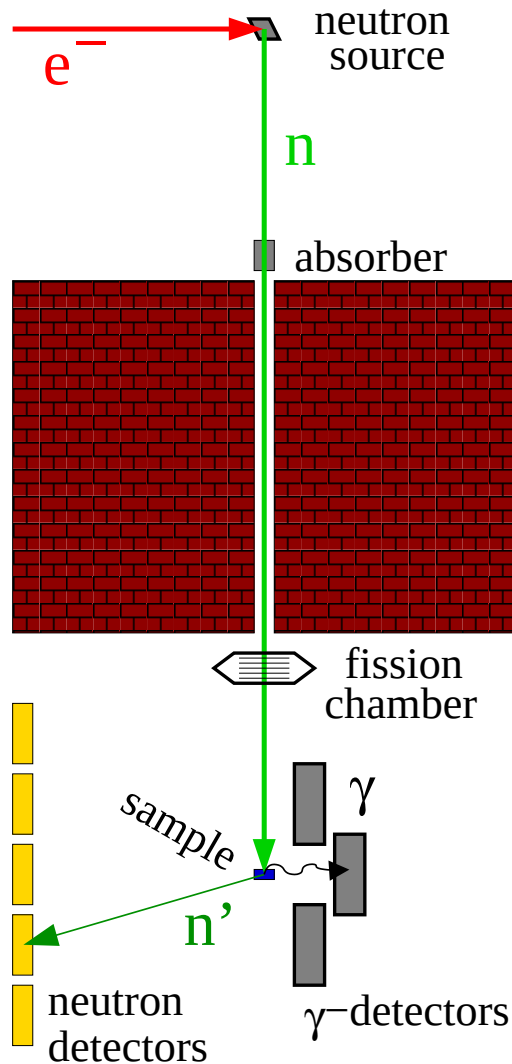
sample - BaF₂:
30 cm

sample - plastics:
100 cm

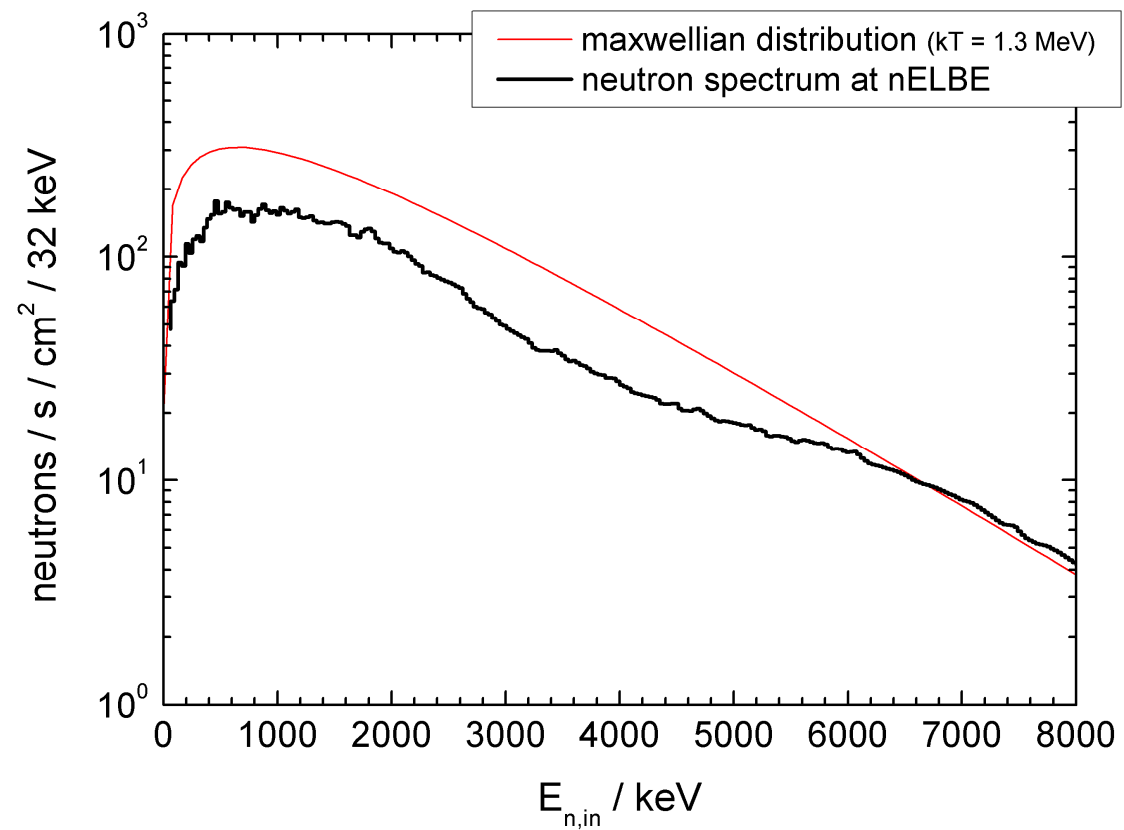
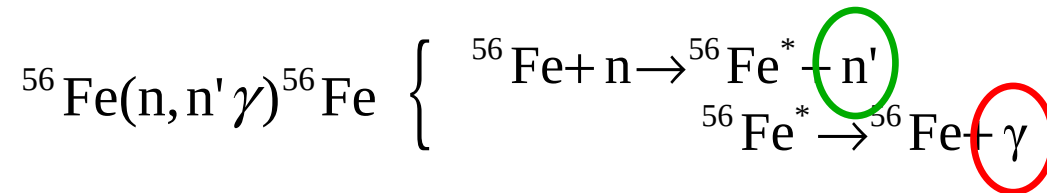
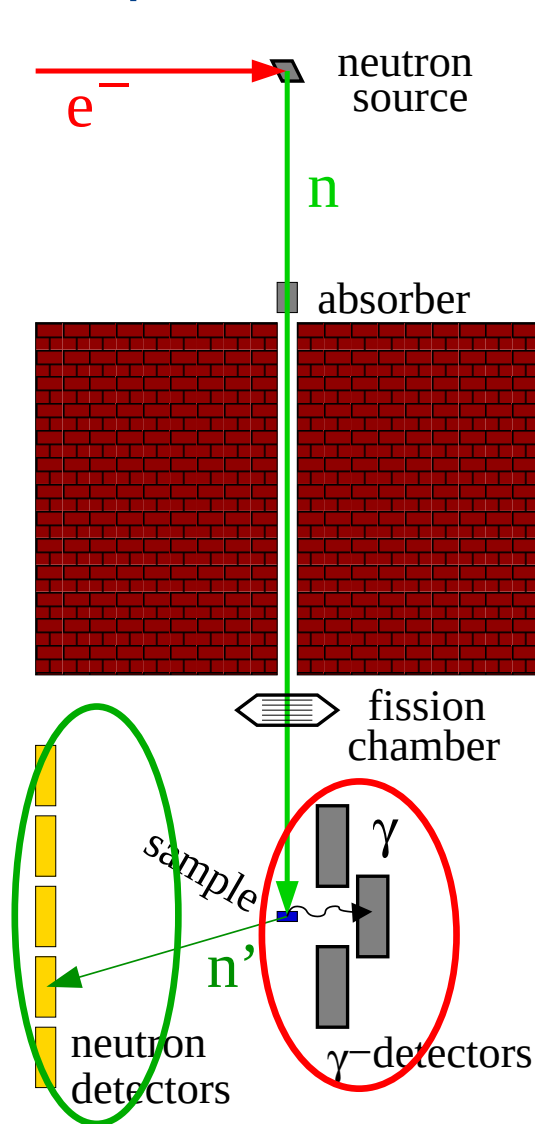
Experimental methods and results – Inelastic scattering



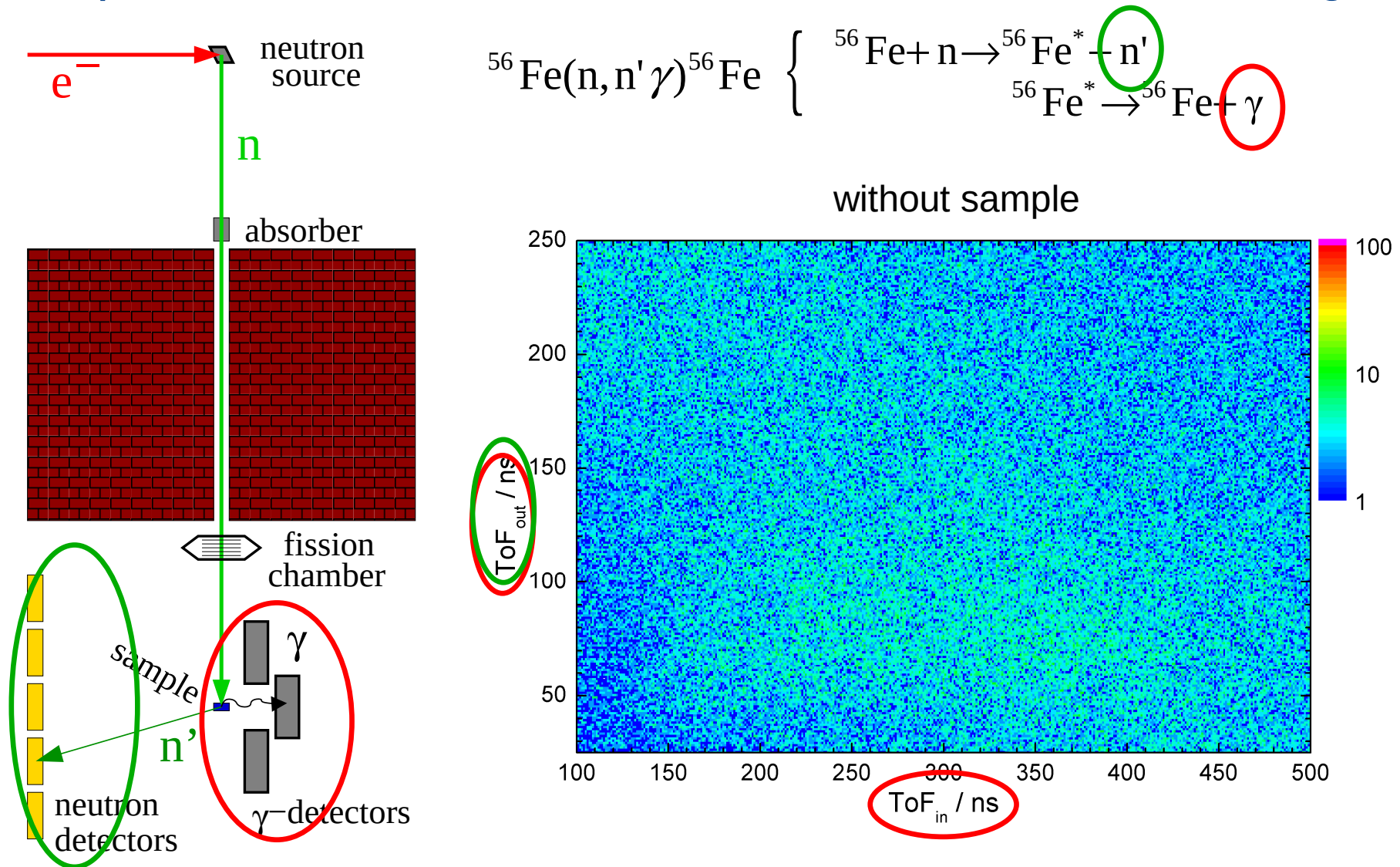
Experimental methods and results – Inelastic scattering



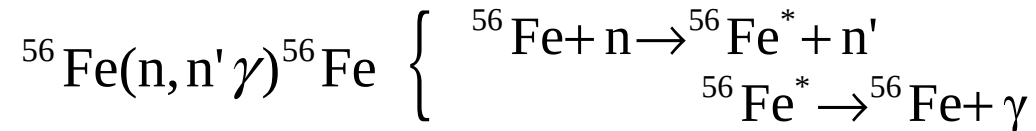
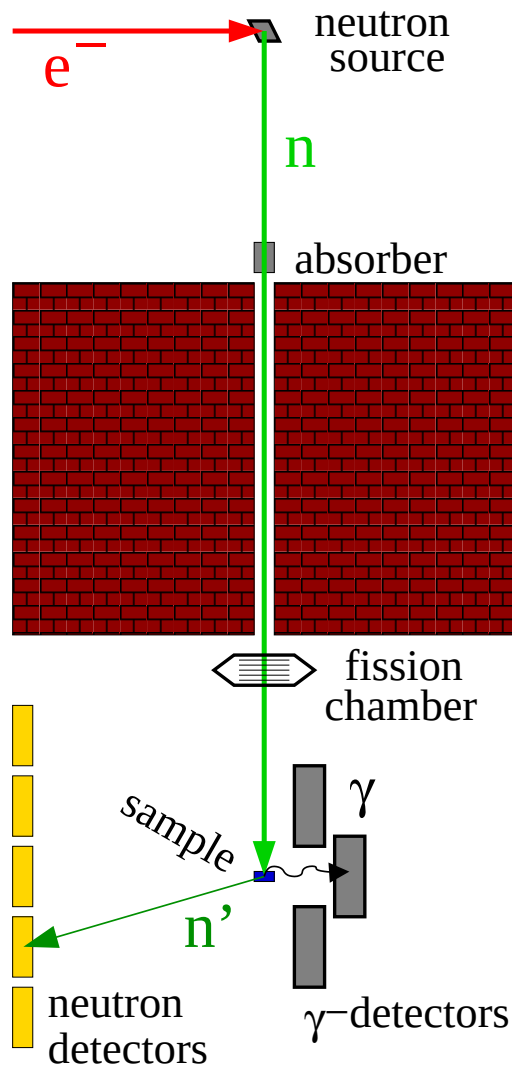
Experimental methods and results – Inelastic scattering



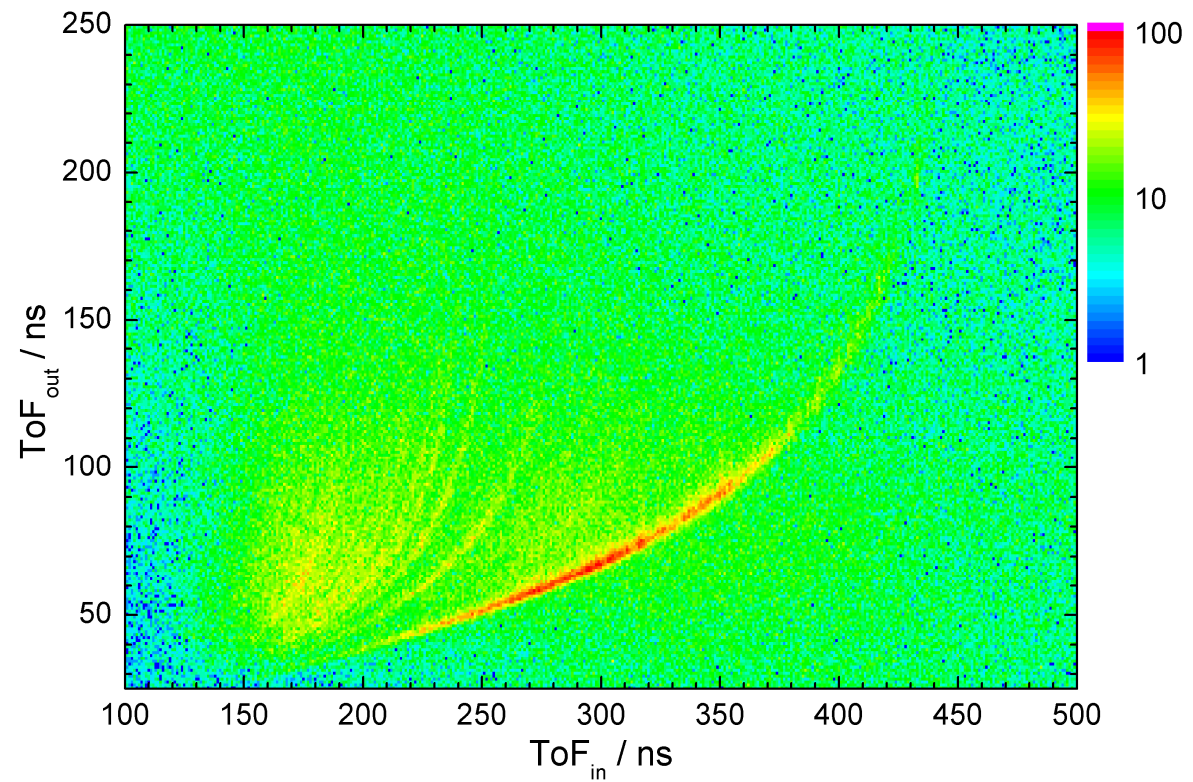
Experimental methods and results – Inelastic scattering



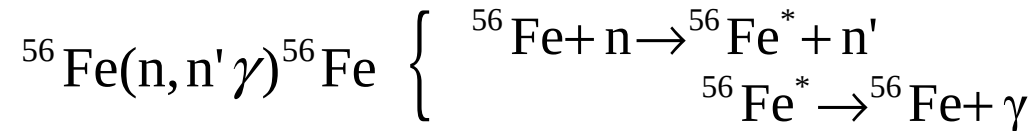
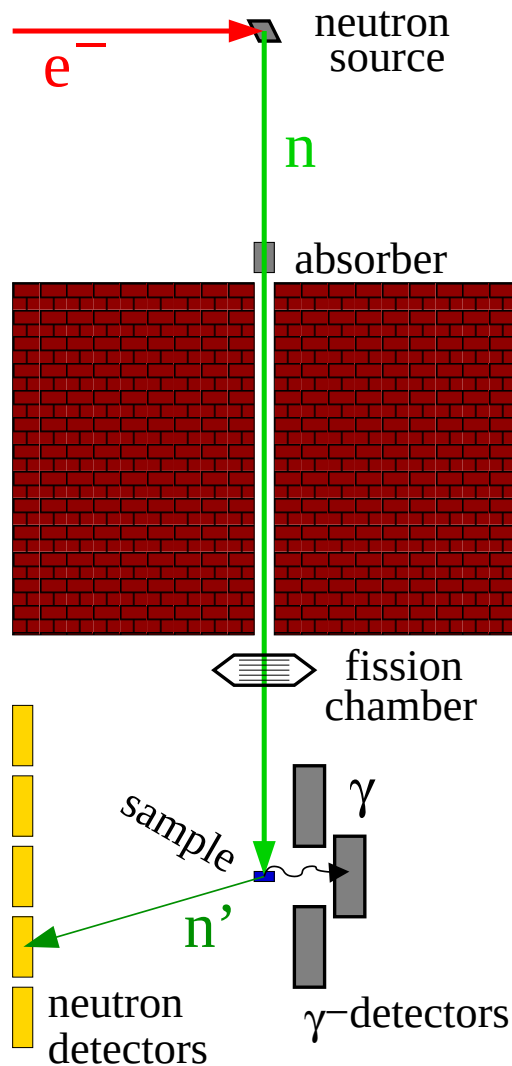
Experimental methods and results – Inelastic scattering



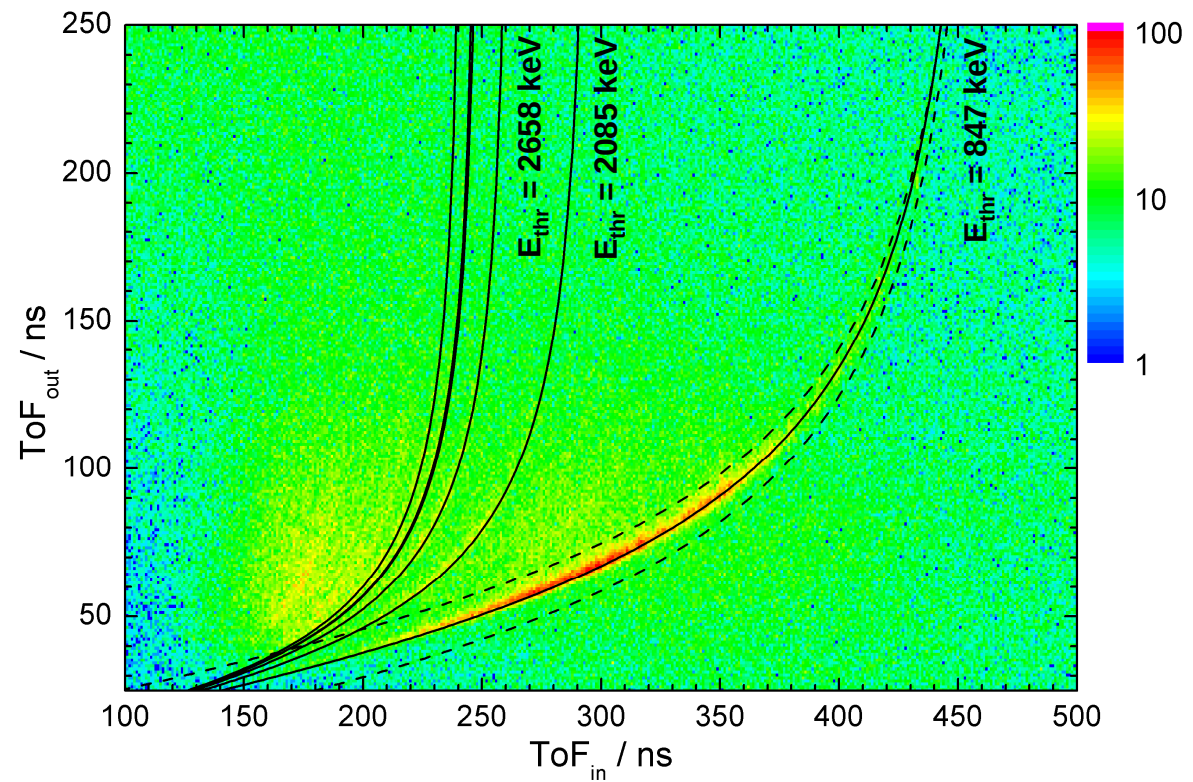
with sample



Experimental methods and results – Inelastic scattering



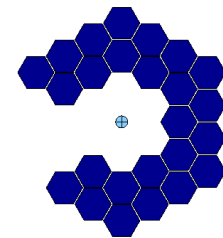
with sample + kinematic calculation



Investigations of background sources



Plastics



BaF₂-Setup

“good event”: inelastic scattering in target

→ gamma detected in BaF₂, neutron detected in plastic

“bad event”: elastic scattering in target/air and inelastic scattering in BaF₂

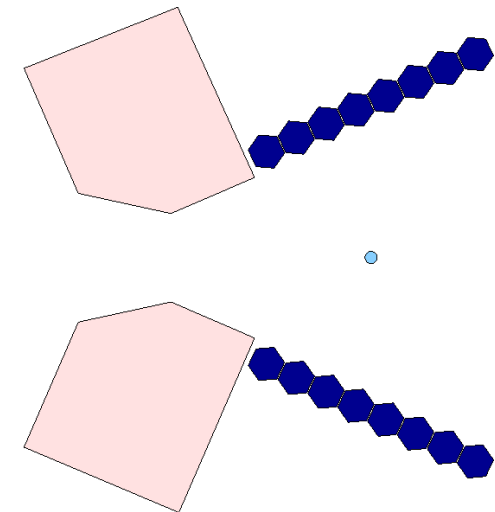
→ neutron detected in plastic

→ prevent neutrons flying from BaF₂ to plastic

Investigations of background sources



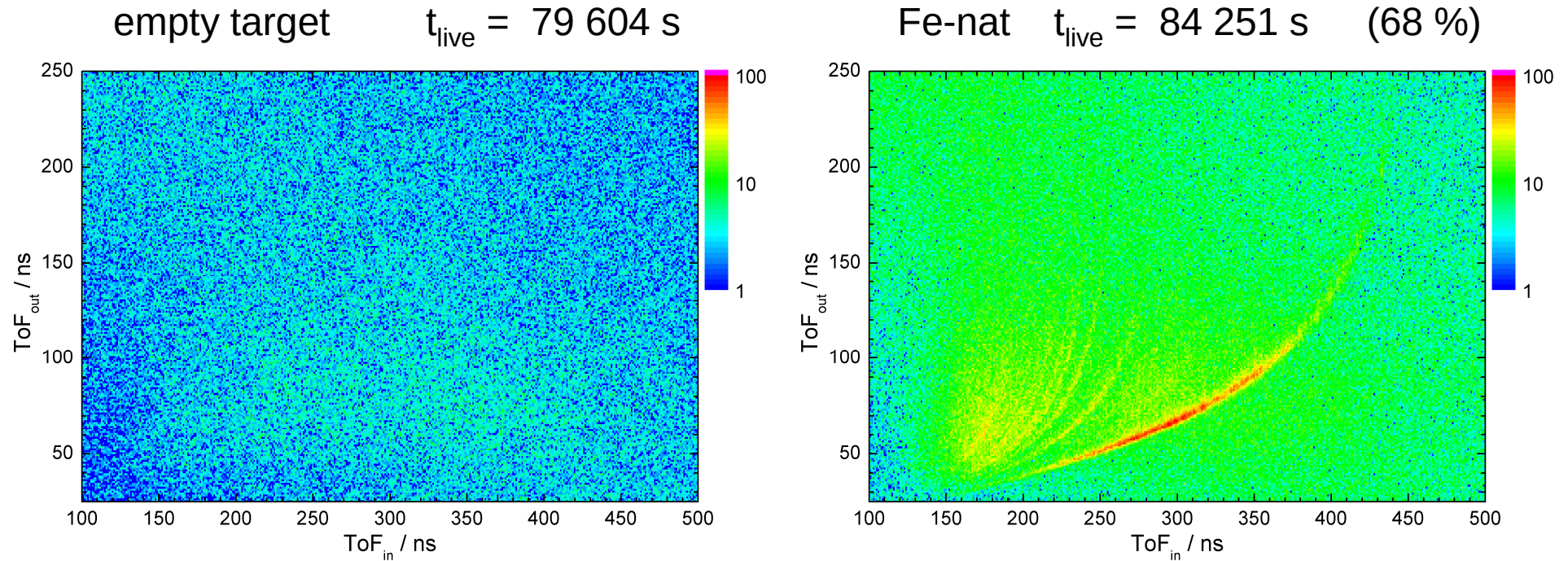
Plastics



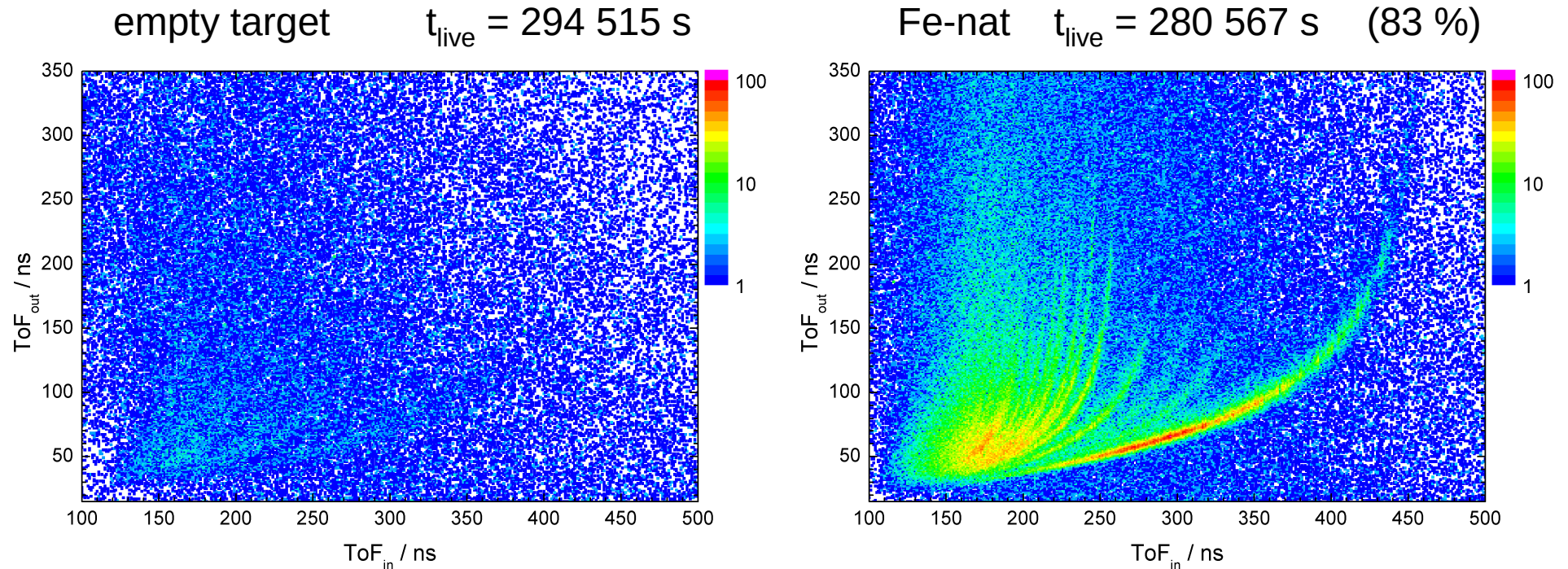
BaF₂-Setup

- borated polyethylene block between BaF₂ and plastics
- change in geometry
- combination of two single sided readout 20 cm long crystals to one double sided readout 40 cm long detector

2D ToF spectra from Feb'09 beamtime

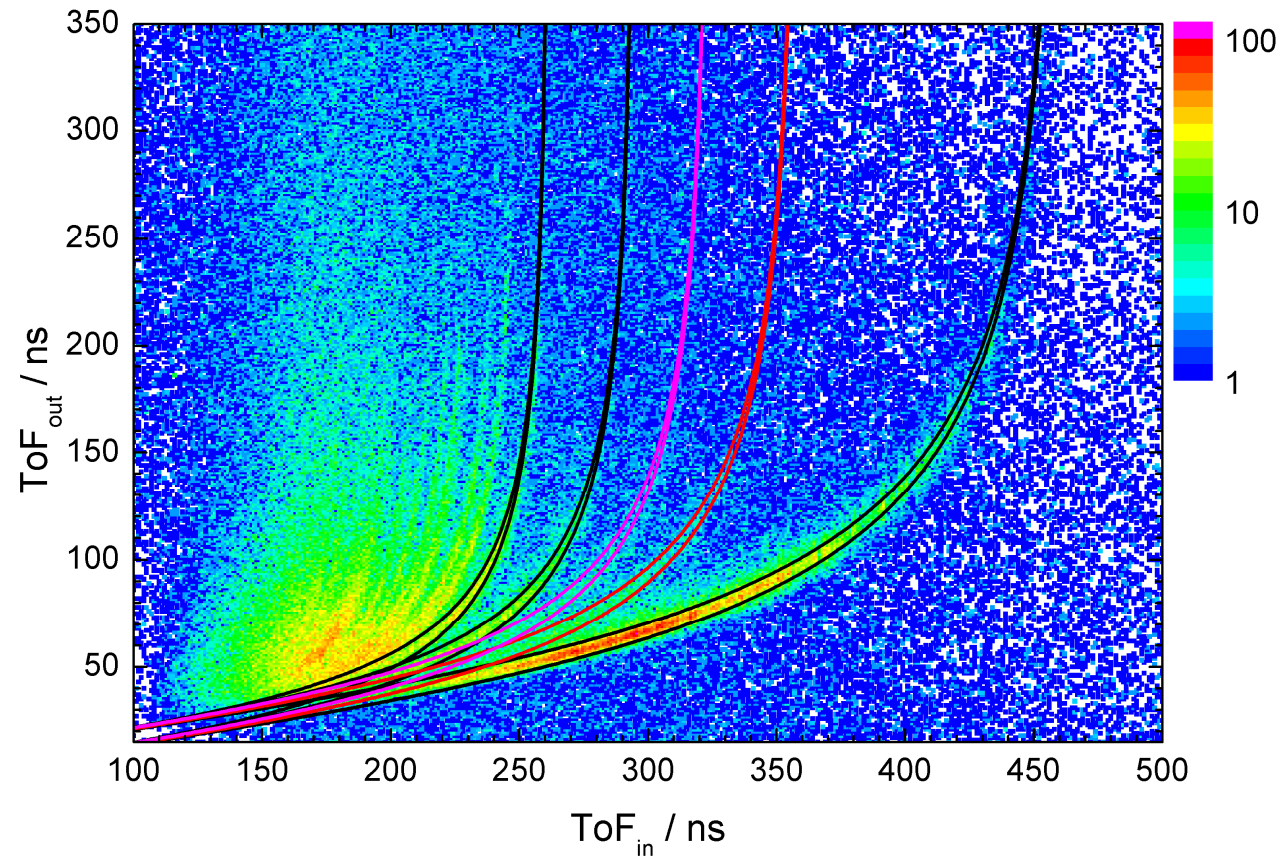


2D ToF spectra from May'10 beamtime



- lower background (5x in empty, 10x in target run)
- 10x better signal to background ratio
- target structures also visible in empty spectrum (due to too small distance of target out position)

2D ToF spectra from May'10 beamtime



- Fe-56 (1.,2.,3. Level)

- Fe-54 (1. Level)

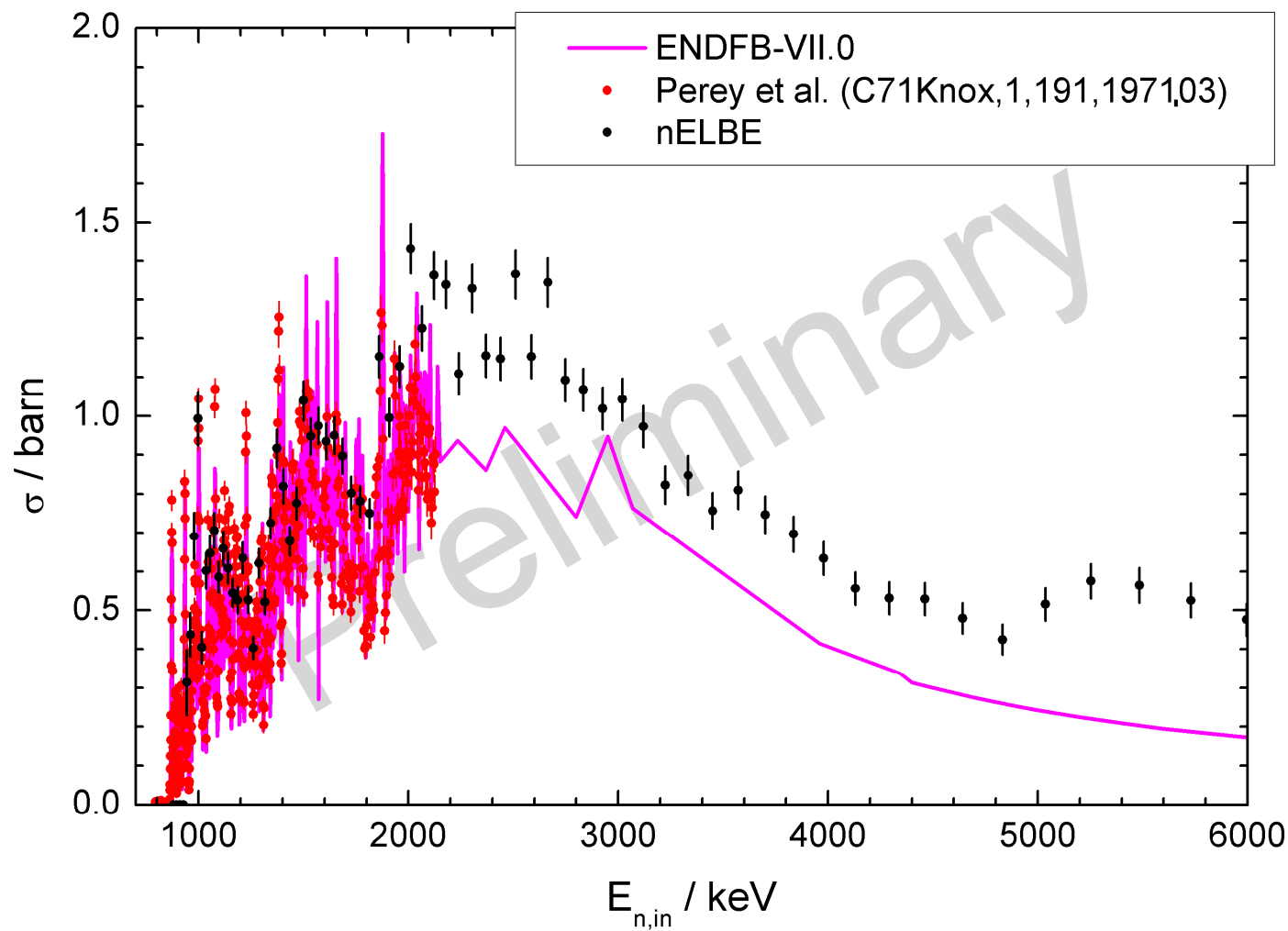
- ? 1700 keV

→ is not:

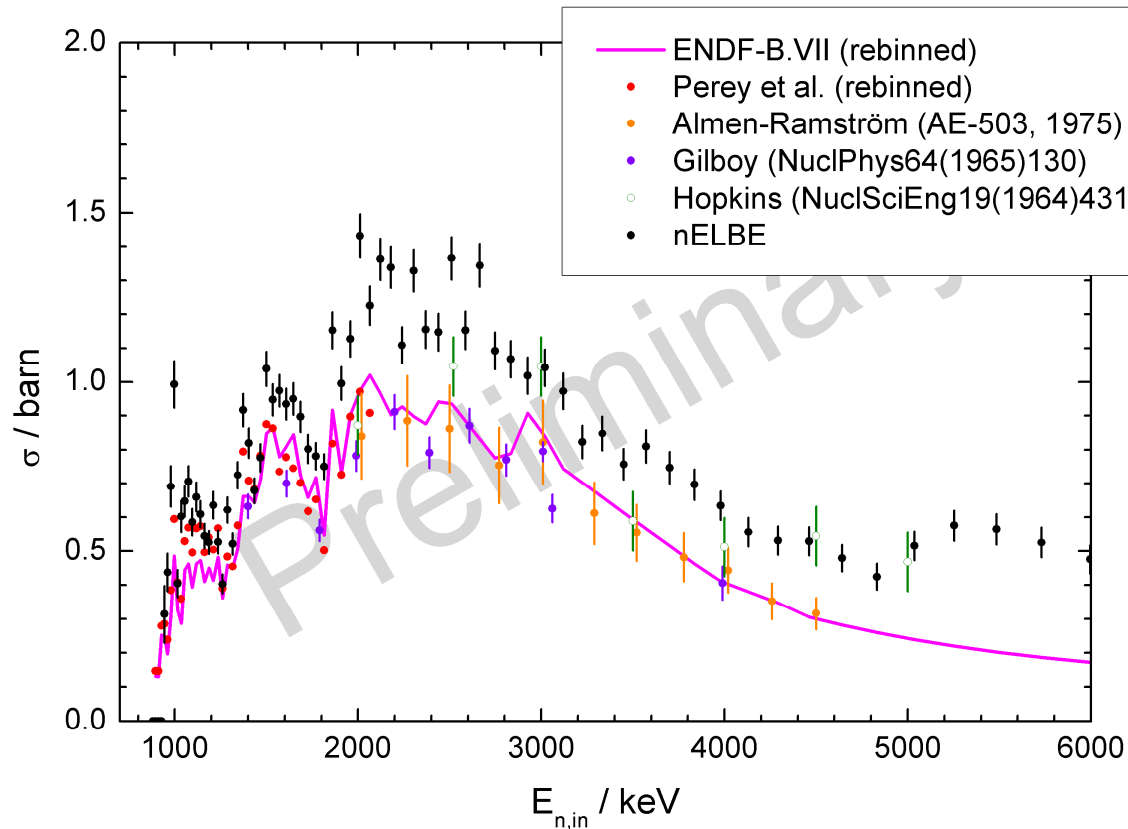
- Al-27
- C-14
- Fe-57
- Mn-55
- N-14
- O-16
- Pb-207
- Pb-208
- ...

→ double-scattering on Fe-56 1st level (847 keV)

The $^{56}\text{Fe}(n,n'\gamma)$ cross section for the 1st excited state



The $^{56}\text{Fe}(n,n'\gamma)$ cross section for the 1st excited state

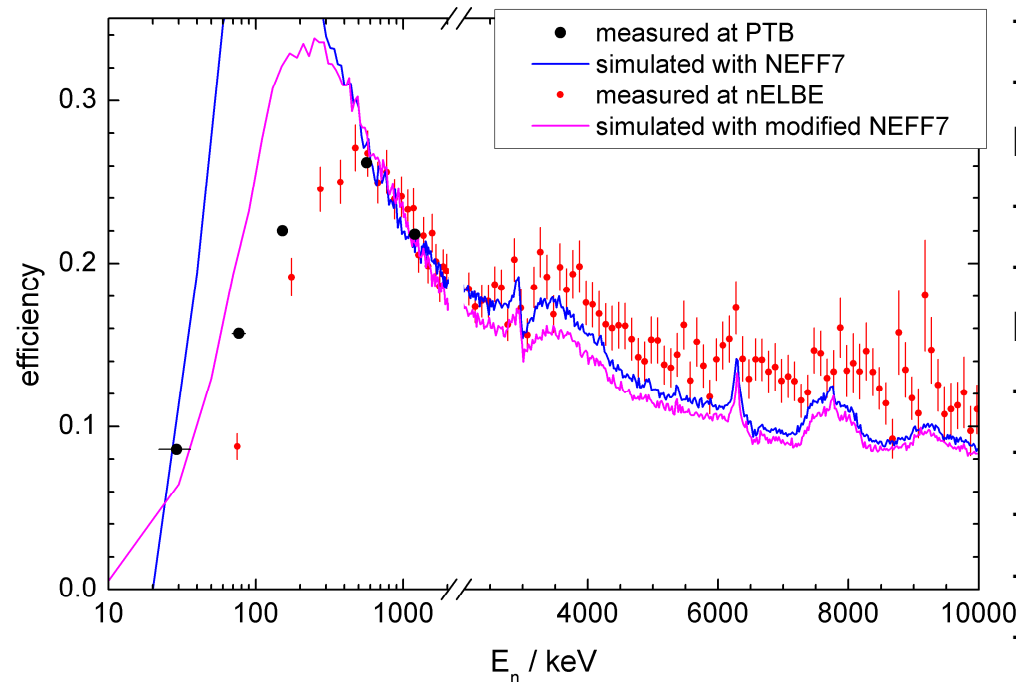


Uncertainties:

@ 2 MeV

Fission chamber efficiency	2.2 %
Fission chamber counts	0.7 %
Fission chamber background	1.8 %
Loss due to ADC range	0.1 %
Scaling factor FC $\leftrightarrow$ Target	0.9 %
→ Neutron flux	2.5 %
Sample in counts	2.3 %
Sample out counts	15.1 %
Normalization factor	1.7 %
BaF ₂ efficiency	1.8 %
Plastic efficiency	5.1 %
→ Reaction rate	5.9 %
→ Cross section	6.4 %

Plastics Efficiency



Measurement at PTB:

- Monoenergetic neutrons
- Beyer et al., NIMA 575 (2007) 449

Measurement at FZD:

- nELBE spectrum
- Relative to ^{235}U fission chamber

Modified NEFF7:

- Cuboid detector geometry
- Double sided readout
- Scintillation light propagation/attenuation
- PMT Quantum efficiency
- Threshold = one photo electron per PMT

Problems:

In simulation:

- Unknown light output function at low energy transfer

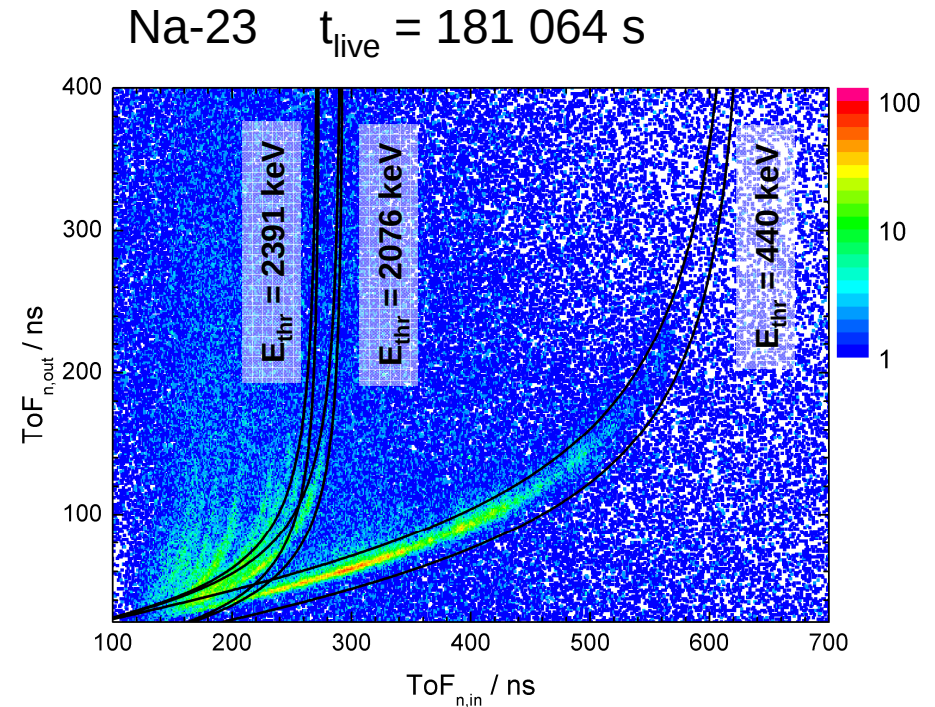
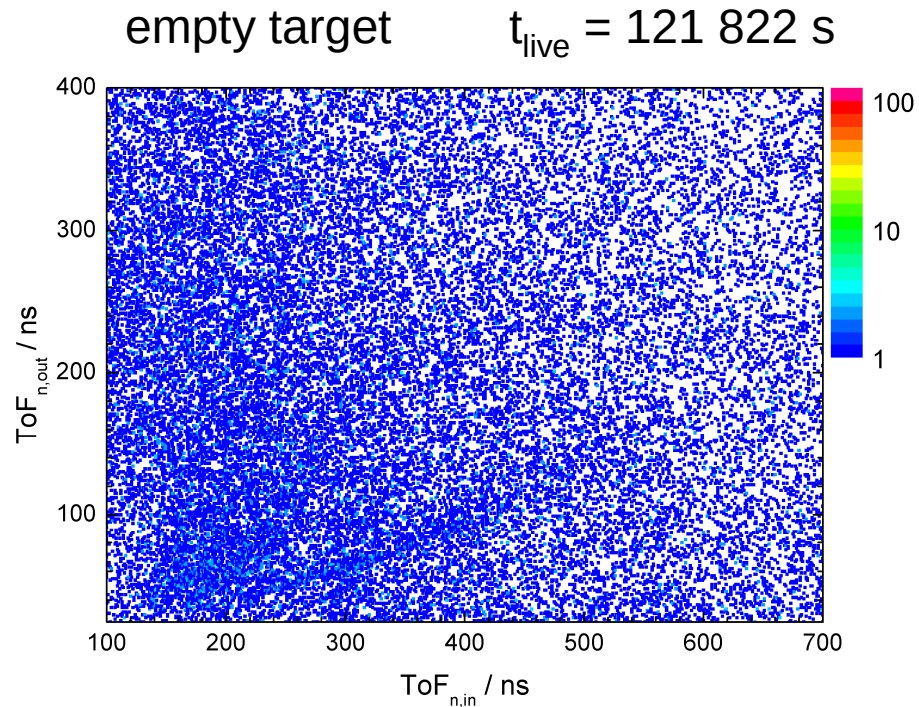
In measurement:

- Collimated beam at nELBE
- Influence of lead shielding

Summary and outlook

- nELBE is intended to deliver data on fast neutron induced reactions
- the ELBE electron beam delivers a high neutron flux
(new injector will deliver ~60 times more)
- nELBE is the only photo-neutron source at a superconducting cw linac
- first experiments were performed on inelastic neutron scattering using a double time of flight setup
- further investigations have to be done to:
 - re-measure plastics efficiency
 - determine influence of double scattering
 - correct for angular effects → neutron-gamma angular correlation
- analyze data for higher levels of Fe-56 and 1st level of Fe-54
- measurement of $\text{Na-23}(n,n'\gamma)$

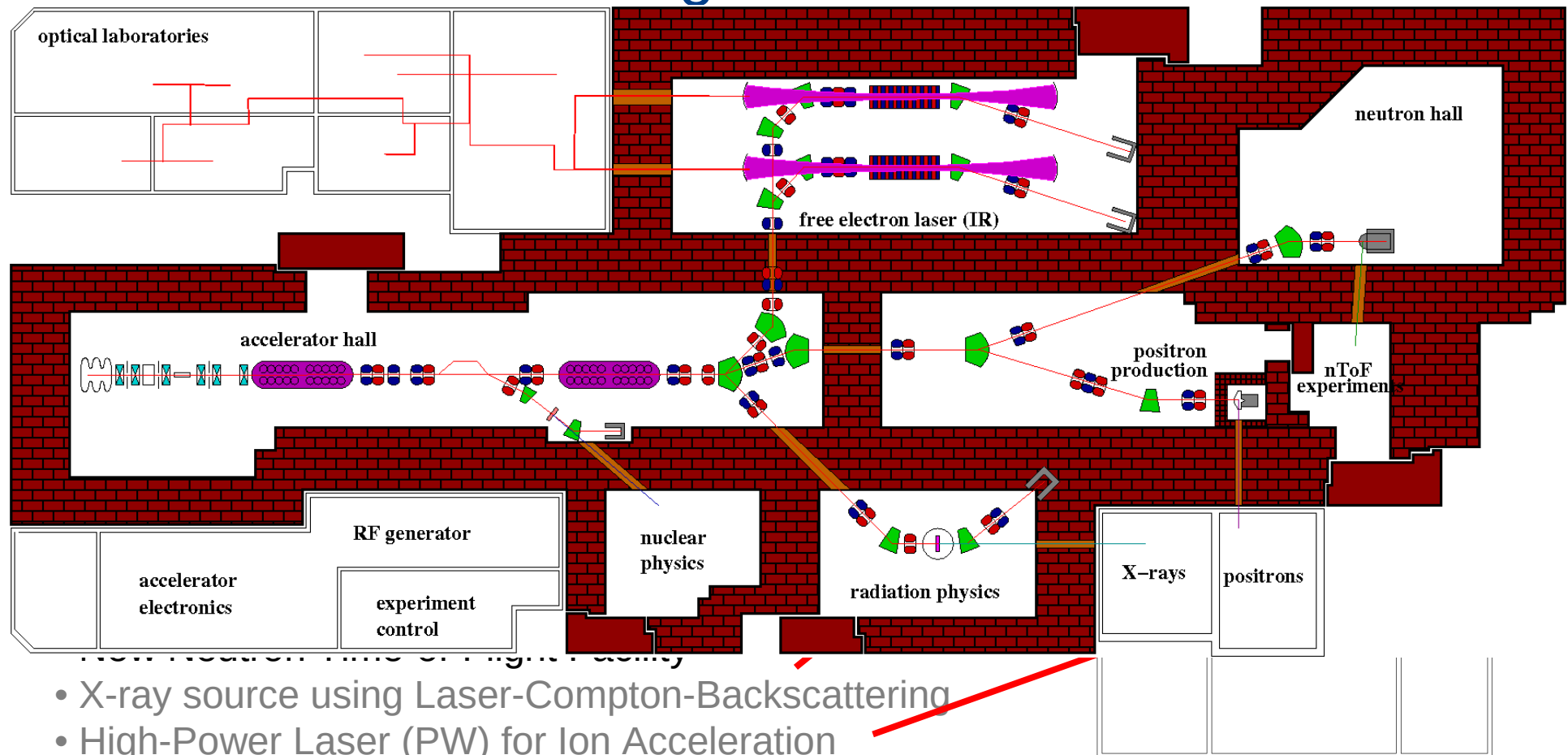
Inelastic neutron scattering on ^{23}Na



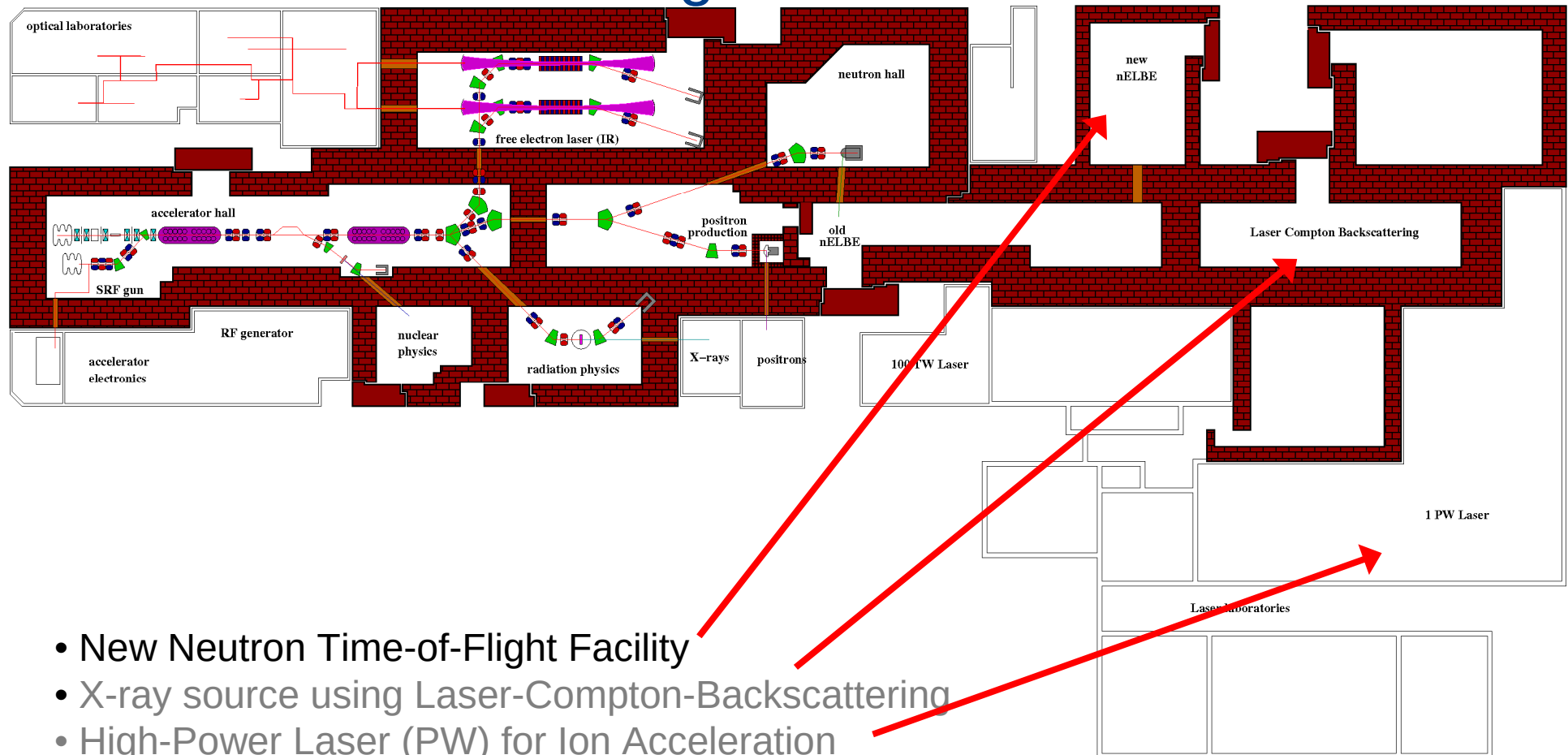
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- analyze data for higher levels of Fe-56 and 1st level of Fe-54
- measurement of Na-23(n,n'γ)
- prepare measurements of neutron fission cross sections
- new bigger experimental area within extension of ELBE facility

National Center for High-Power Radiation sources



National Center for High-Power Radiation sources



- New Neutron Time-of-Flight Facility
- X-ray source using Laser-Compton-Backscattering
- High-Power Laser (PW) for Ion Acceleration

Thanks to all collaborators

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