

HZDR Summer Student Programm

FINDING THE OPTIMUM CONDITIONS FOR FMR – MEASUREMENTS ON GLASS SPHERES CAPPED WITH CO/PT MULTILAYER

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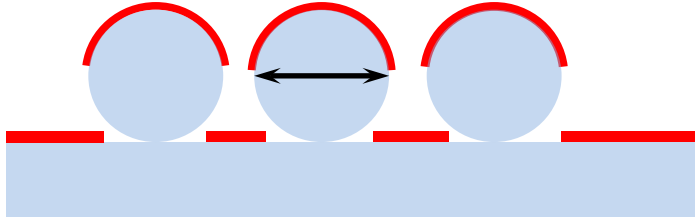
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- Motivation & Glass spheres system
- Experimental setup
 - Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM)
- Results
 - SEM – images
 - Before Liftoff
 - After Liftoff
- Conclusion

Motivation

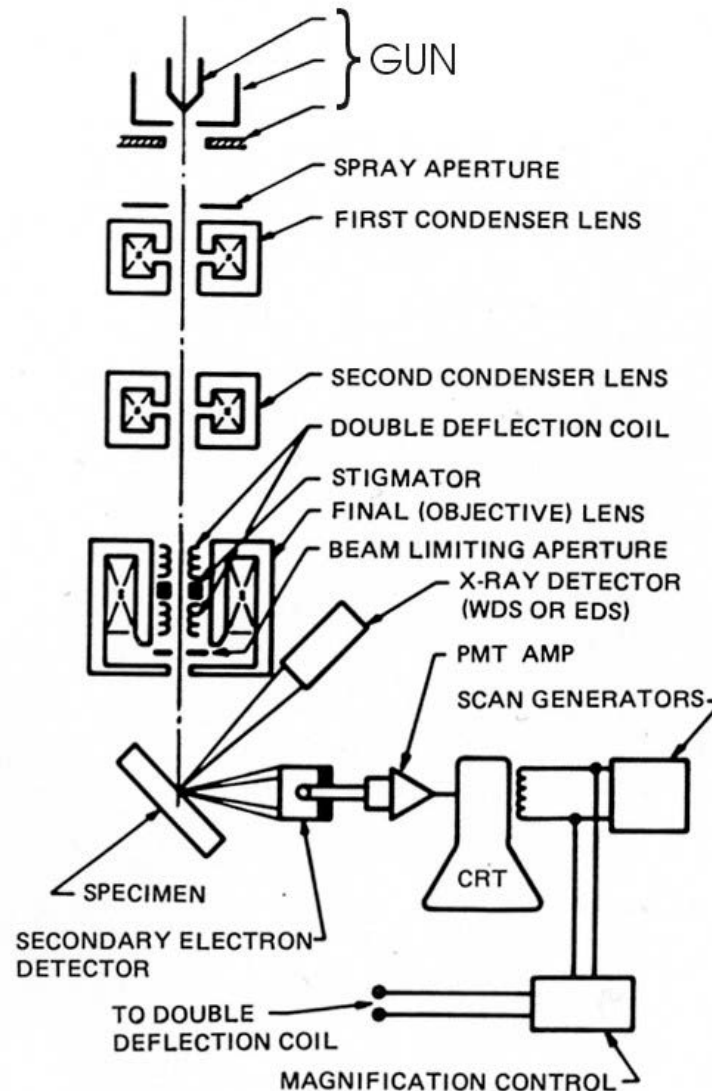
- System : glass spheres with ferromagnetic layer on surface



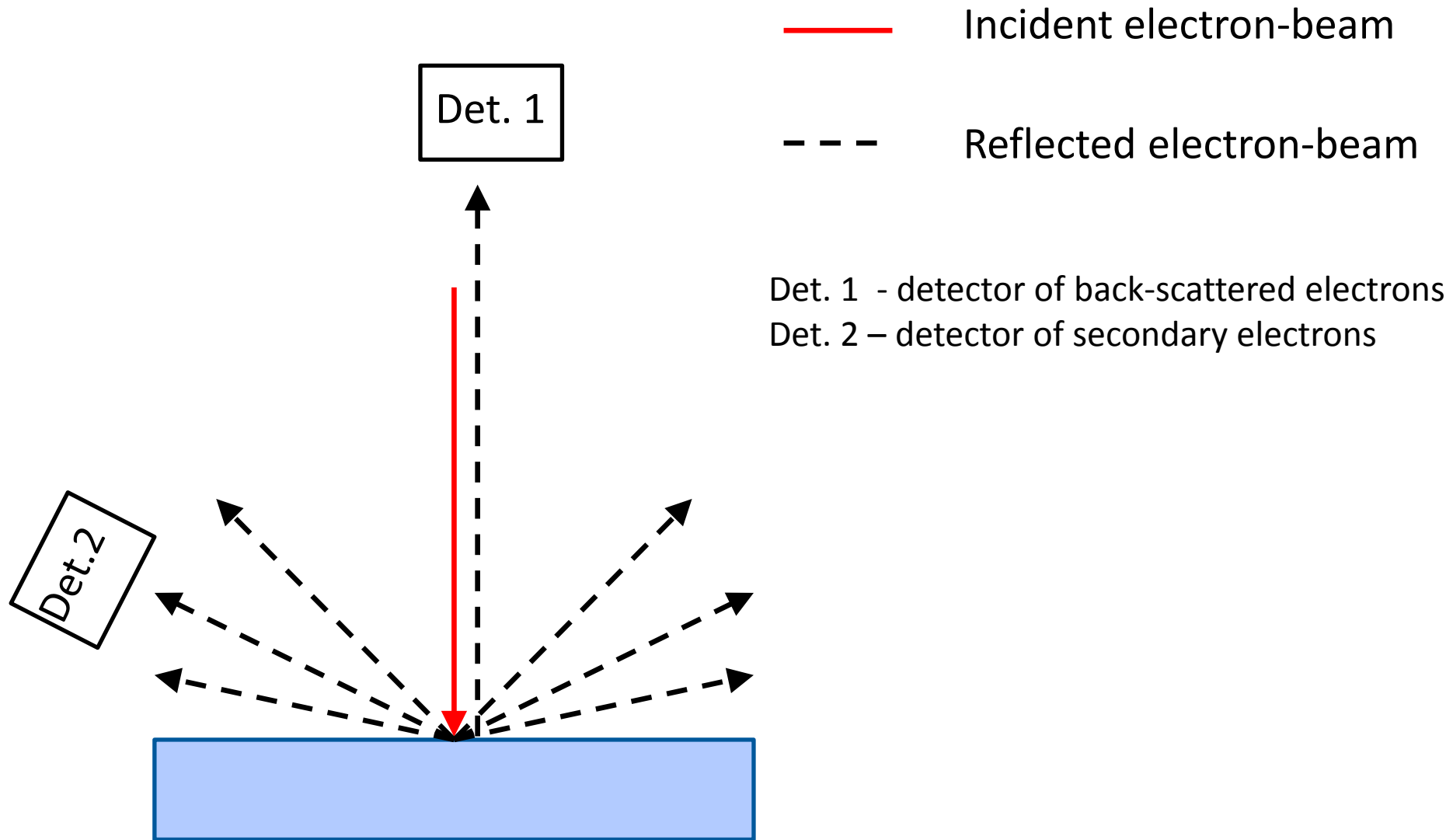
- What do we want to measure?
 - ✓ FMR of one glass sphere
- What do we need to make this experiment?
 - ✓ Microresonator with optimum hole diameter



Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM)



Susan Swapp, University of Wyoming



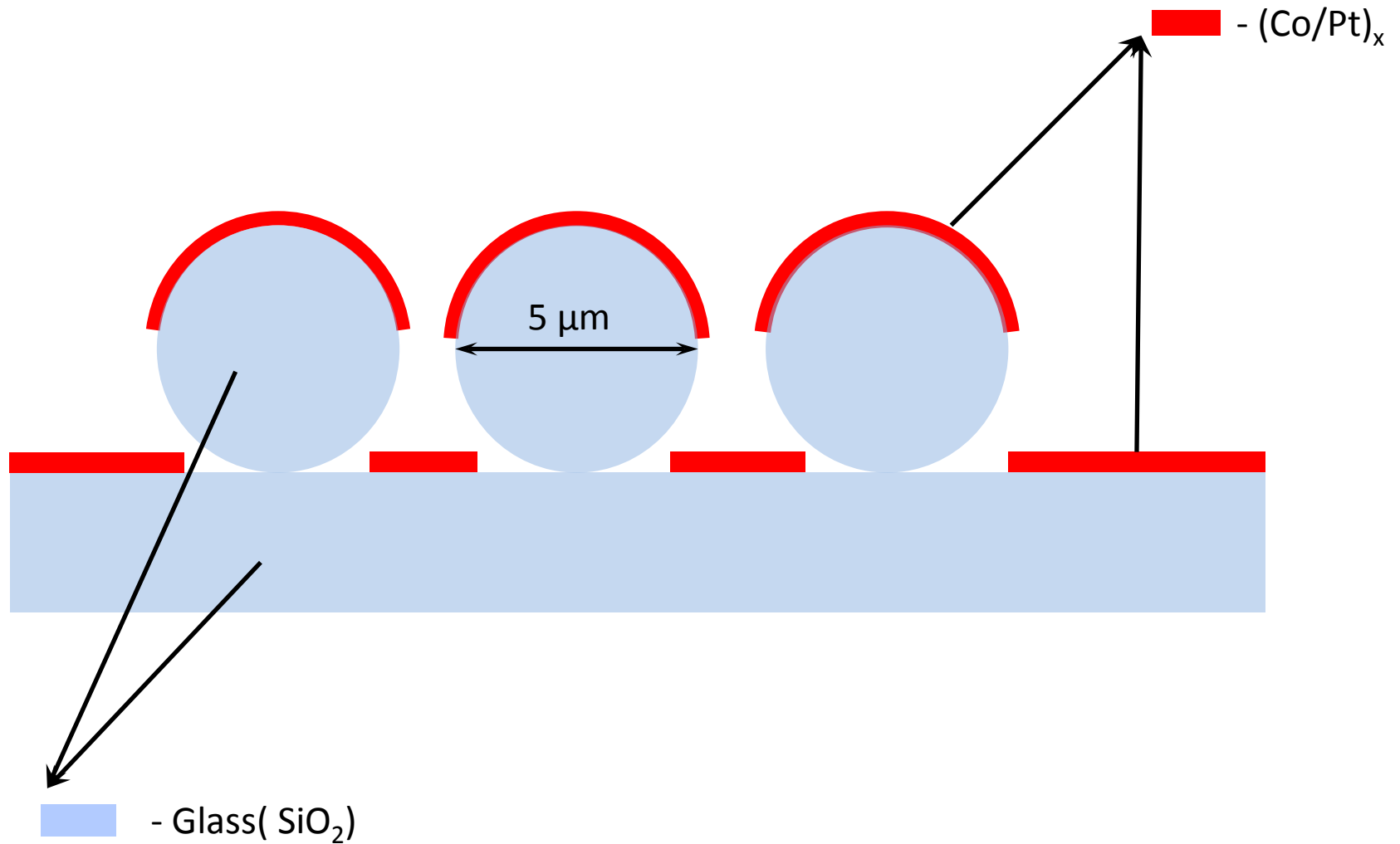
□ **Advantages**

- Critical in all fields that require characterization of solid materials.
- Comparatively easy to operate.
- Data acquisition is rapid (less than 5 minutes/image).

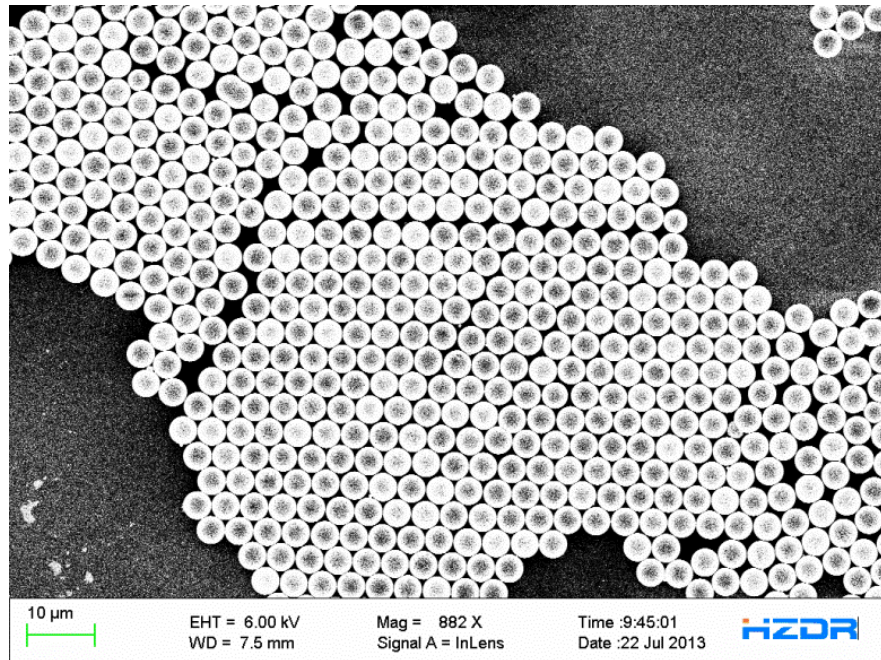
□ **Disadvantages**

- Samples must be solid and they must fit into the microscope chamber.
- Samples must be stable in a vacuum.
- Cannot detect very light elements (H, He, and Li)

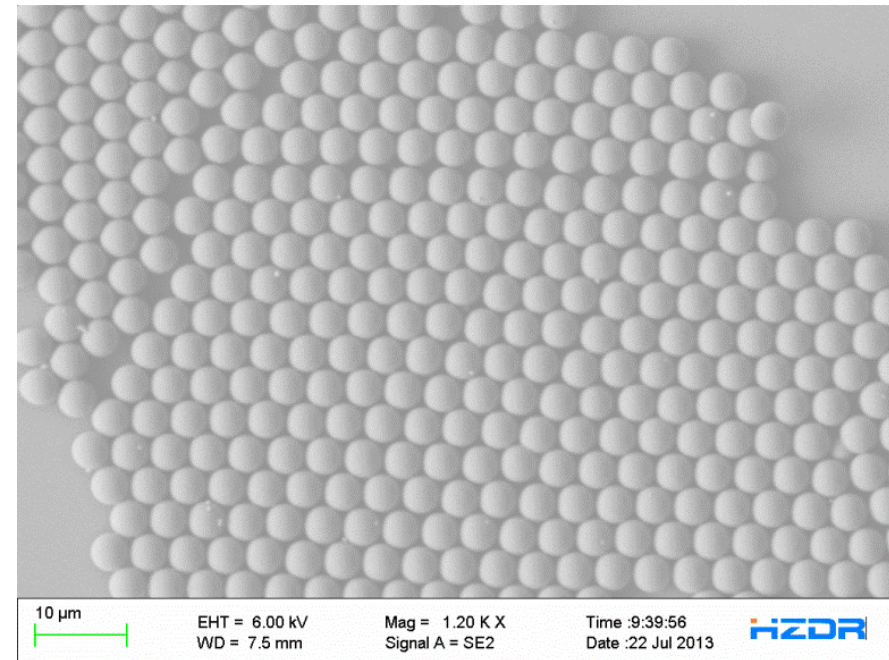
Glass Microspheres System



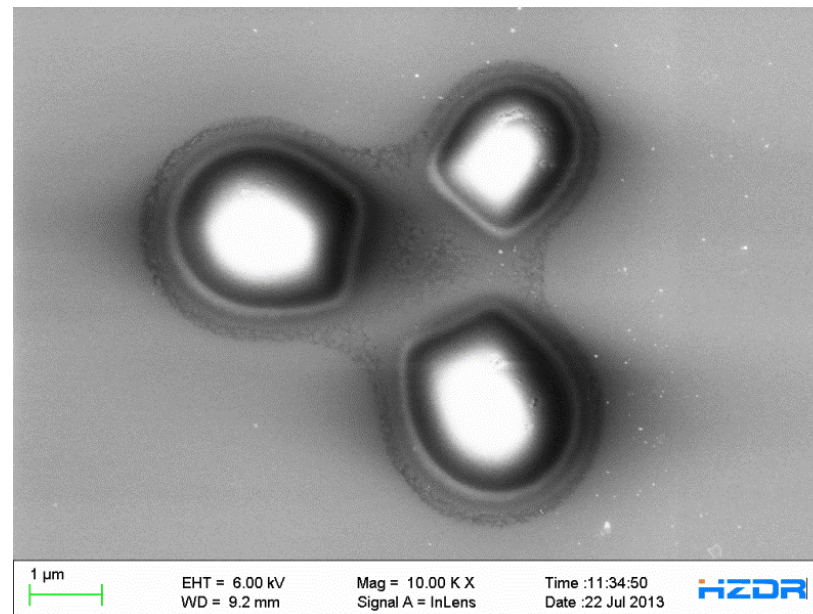
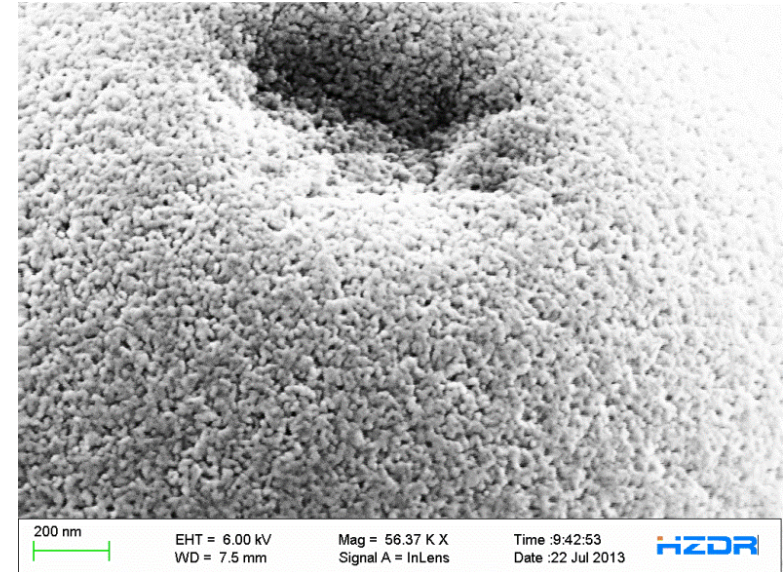
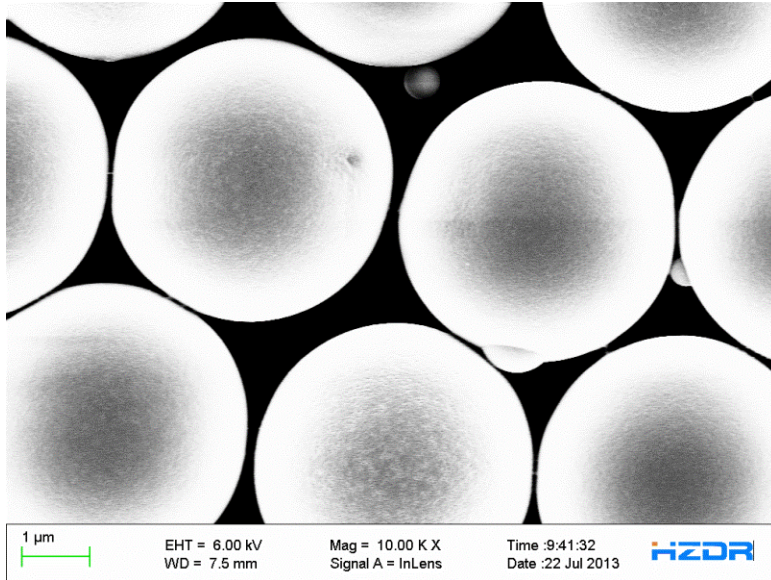
Detector 1



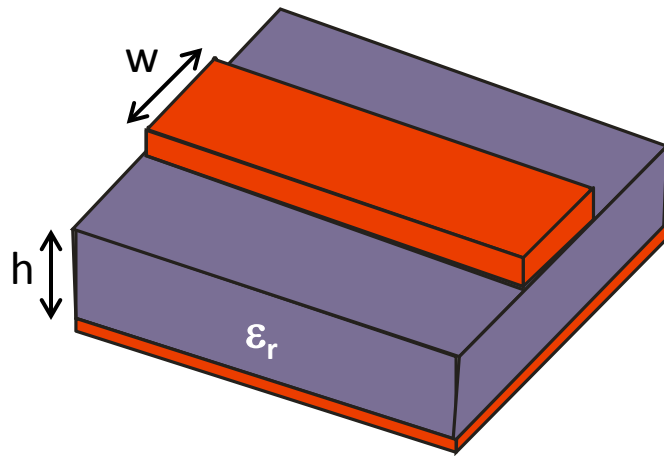
Detector 2



SEM -images



Microstrip waveguide

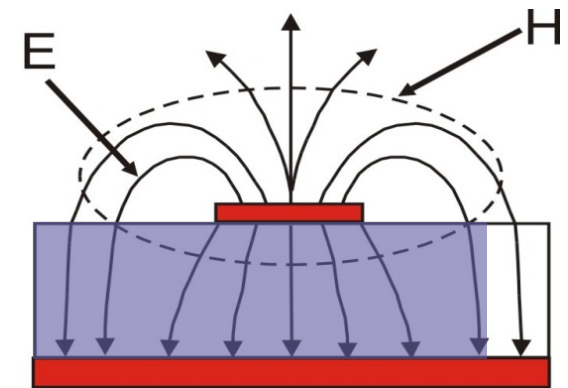


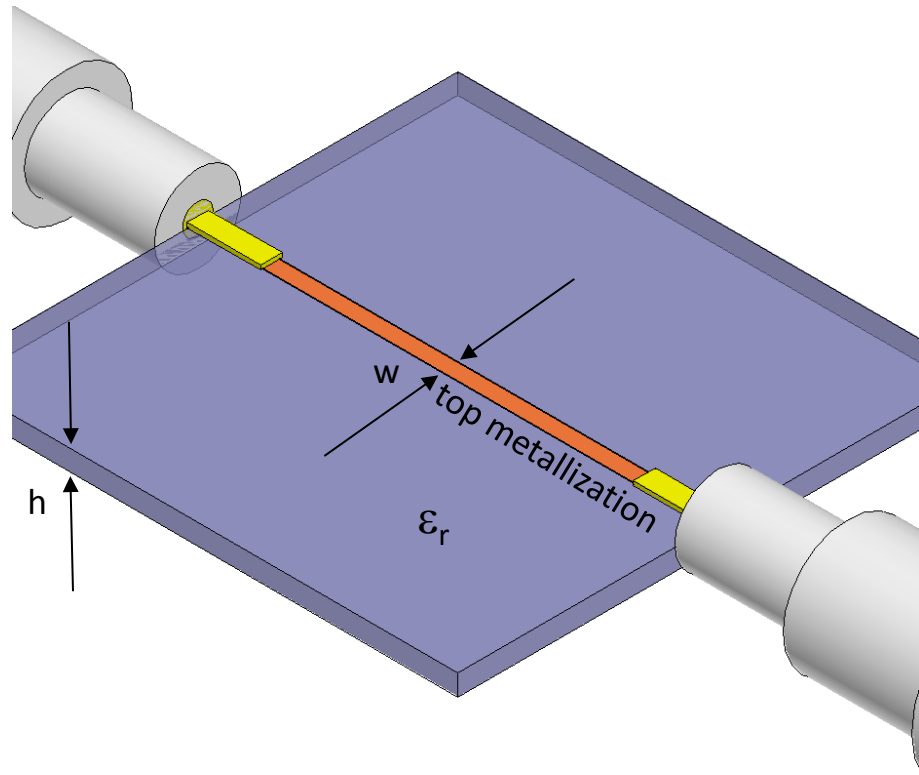
Dielectric

Metal

Microstrip:

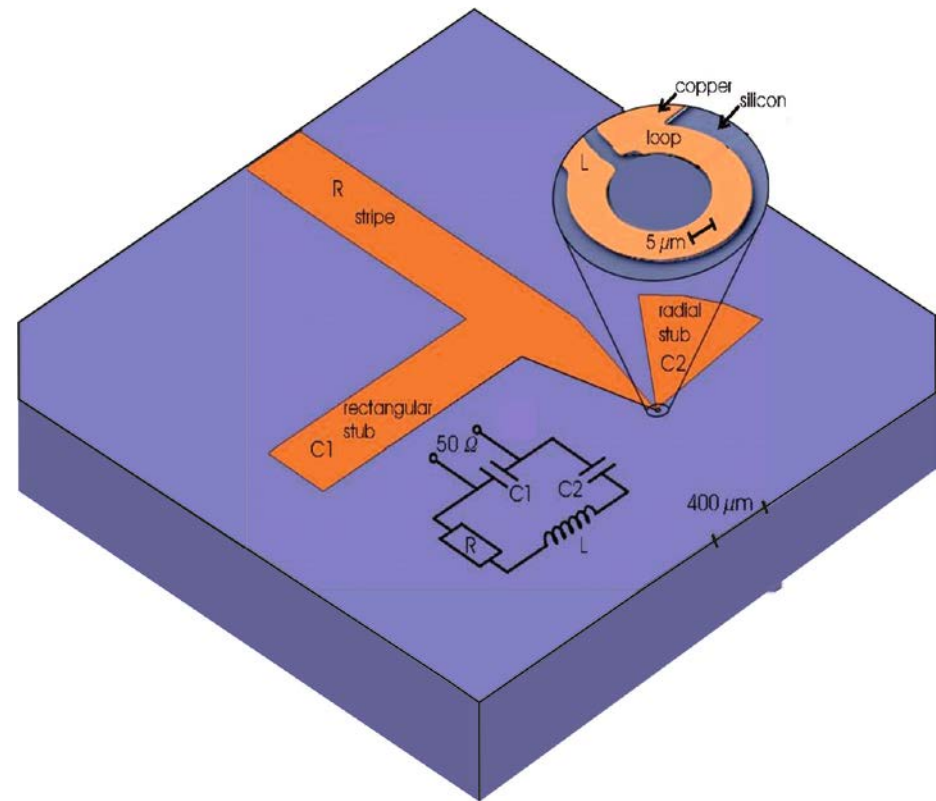
Width w , height h ,
dielectric constant ϵ
determine Impedance,
typically 50Ω





Microstrip waveguide:

Width w , height h ,
dielectric constant ϵ_r

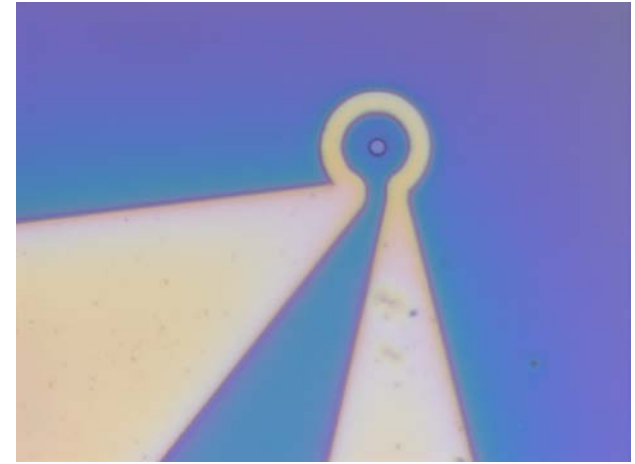
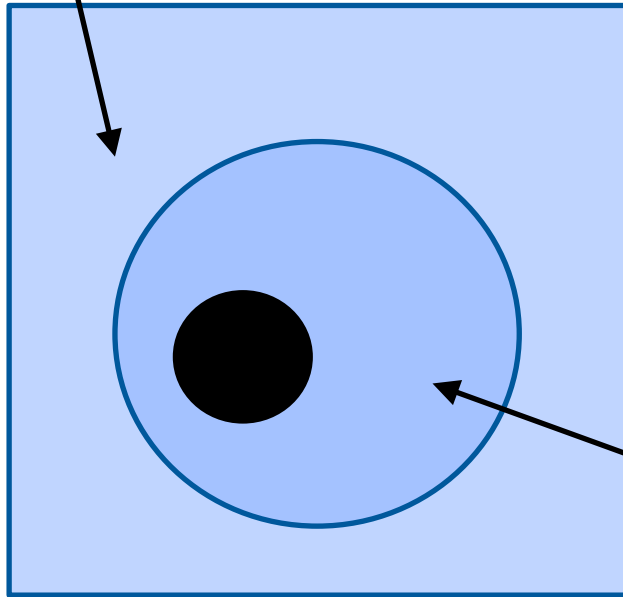


Microresonator:

LCR(oscillator)-circuit

FMR of one sphere

Resist

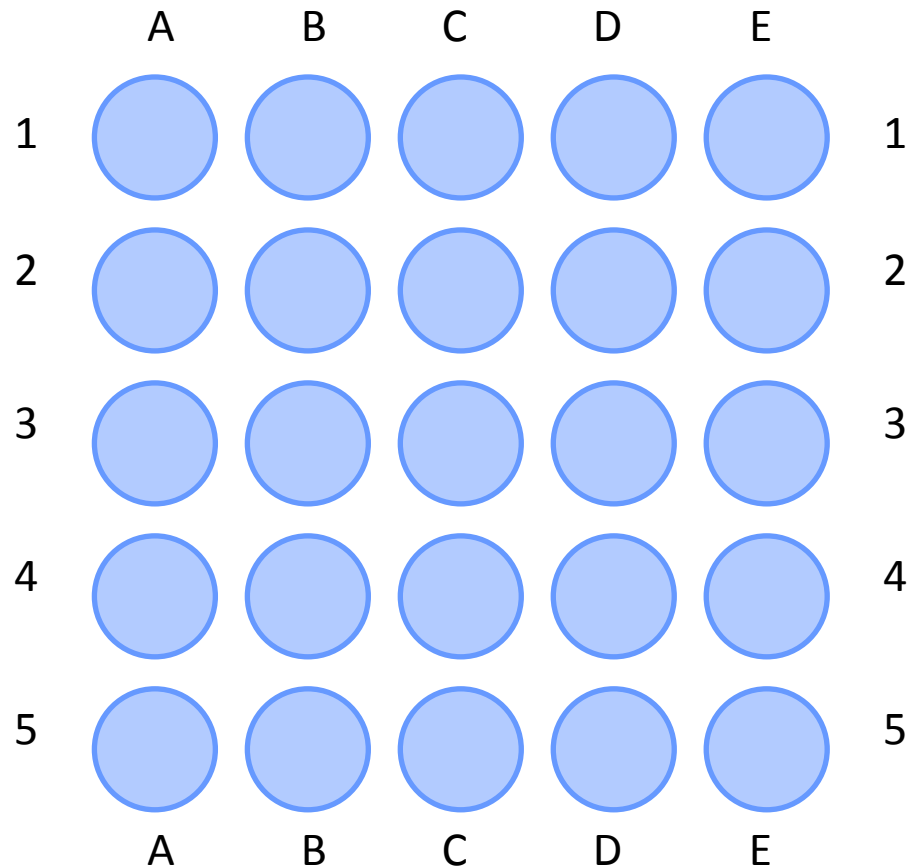


Hole in microresonator 's loop

- Only one sphere in the hole!

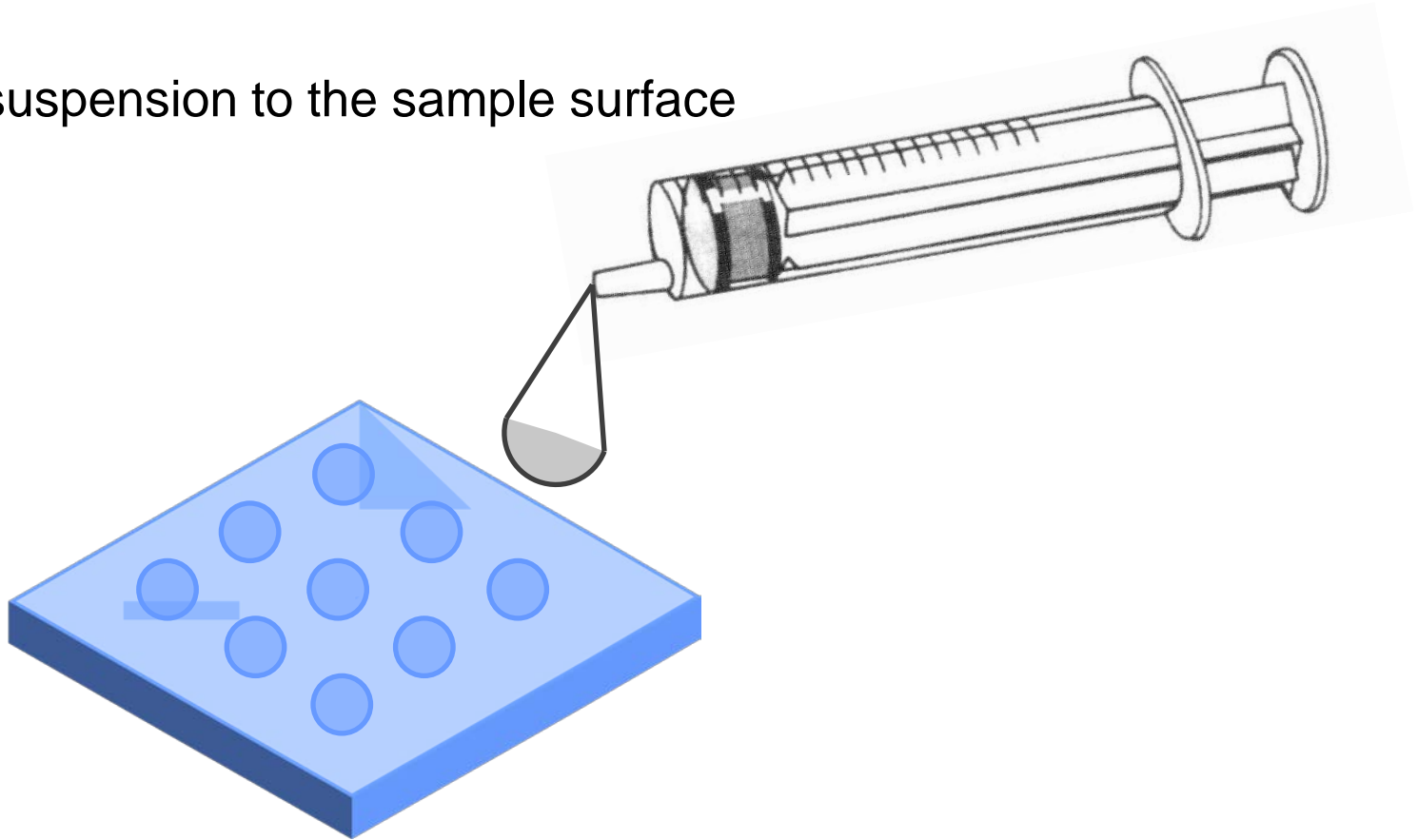
Sample preparation

- Preparation sample structures by using Electron Beam Lithography (EBL)

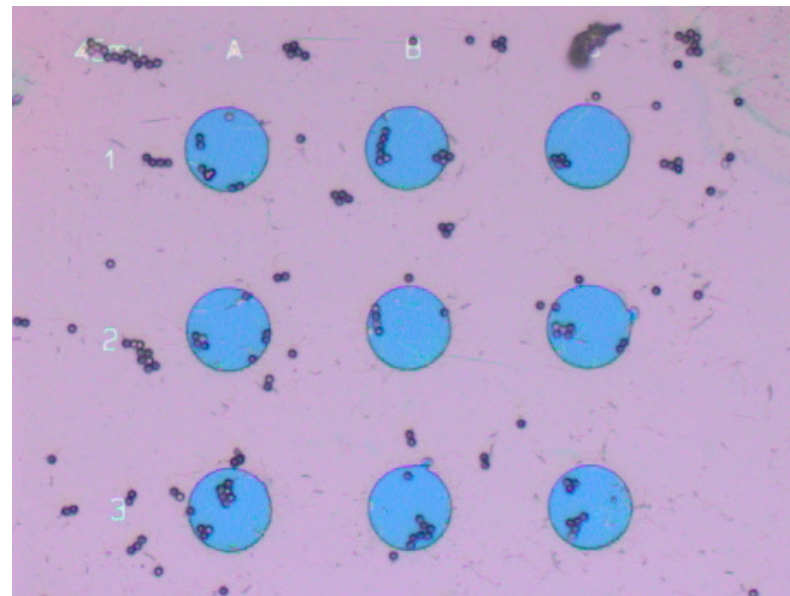
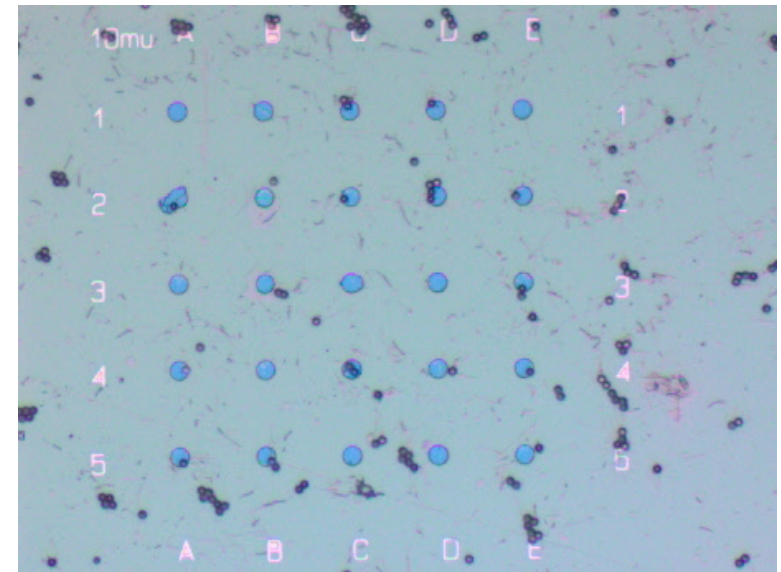
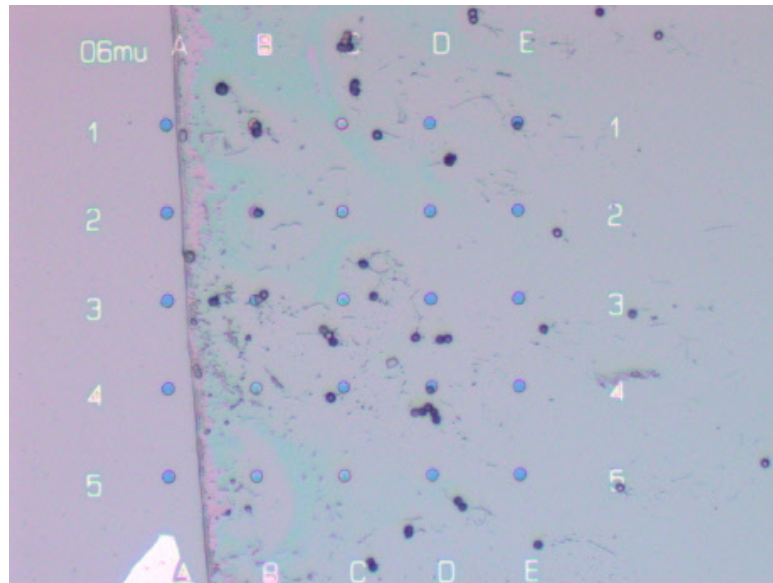


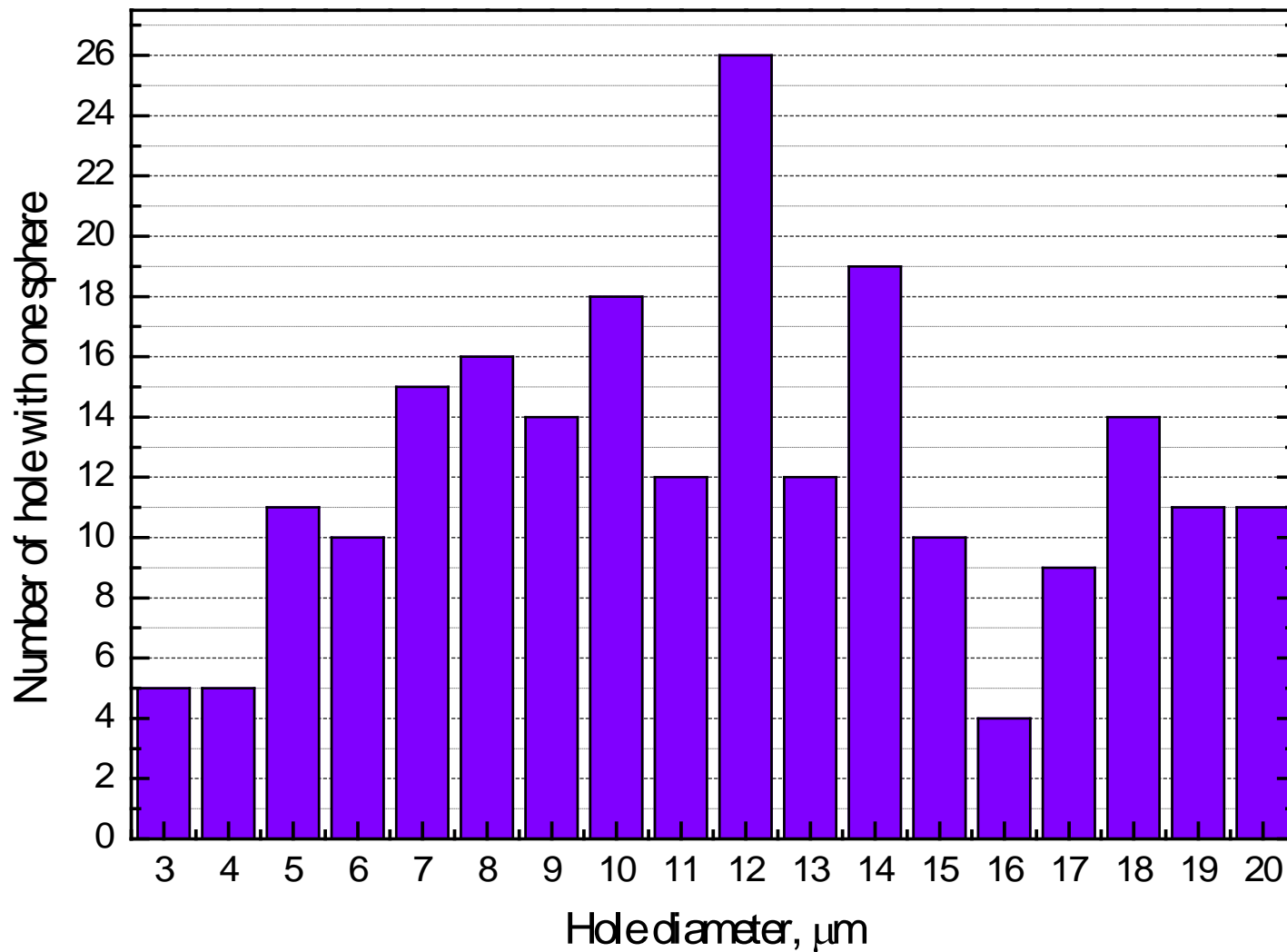
Sample preparation

- Ultrasonic destruction of glass substrate.
- Preparation of the suspension = spheres + liquid (ex. water).
- Drop suspension to the sample surface

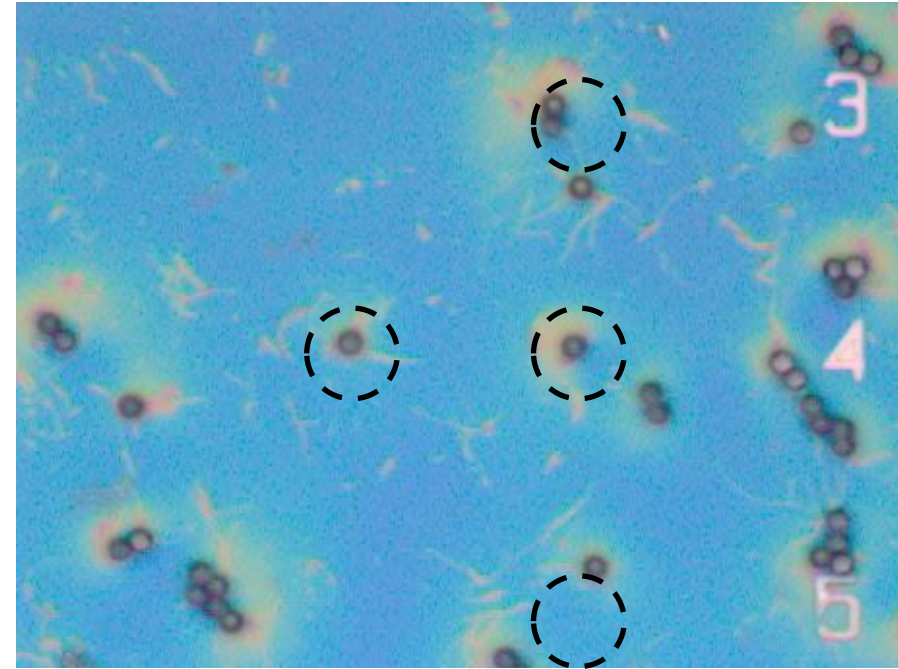
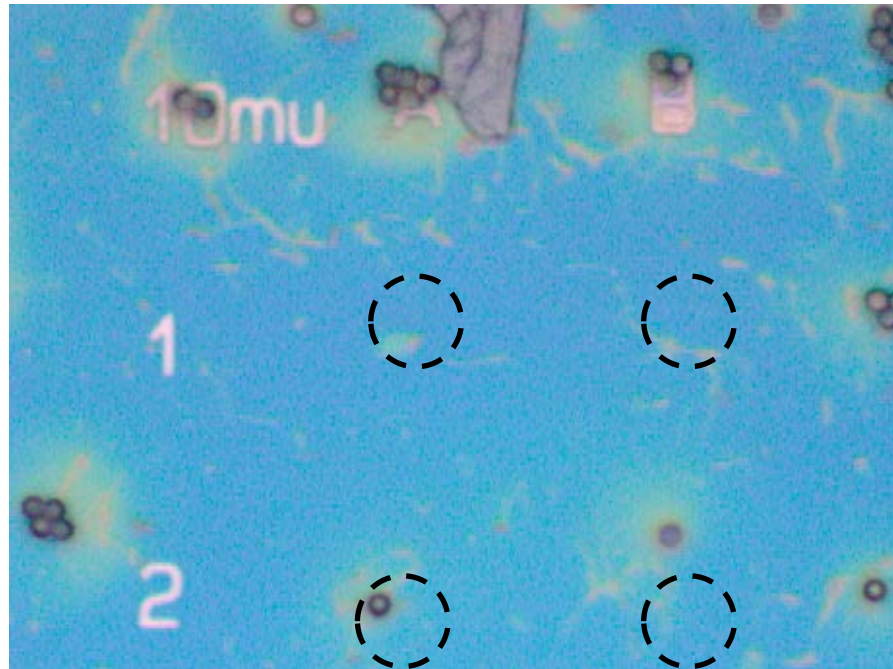


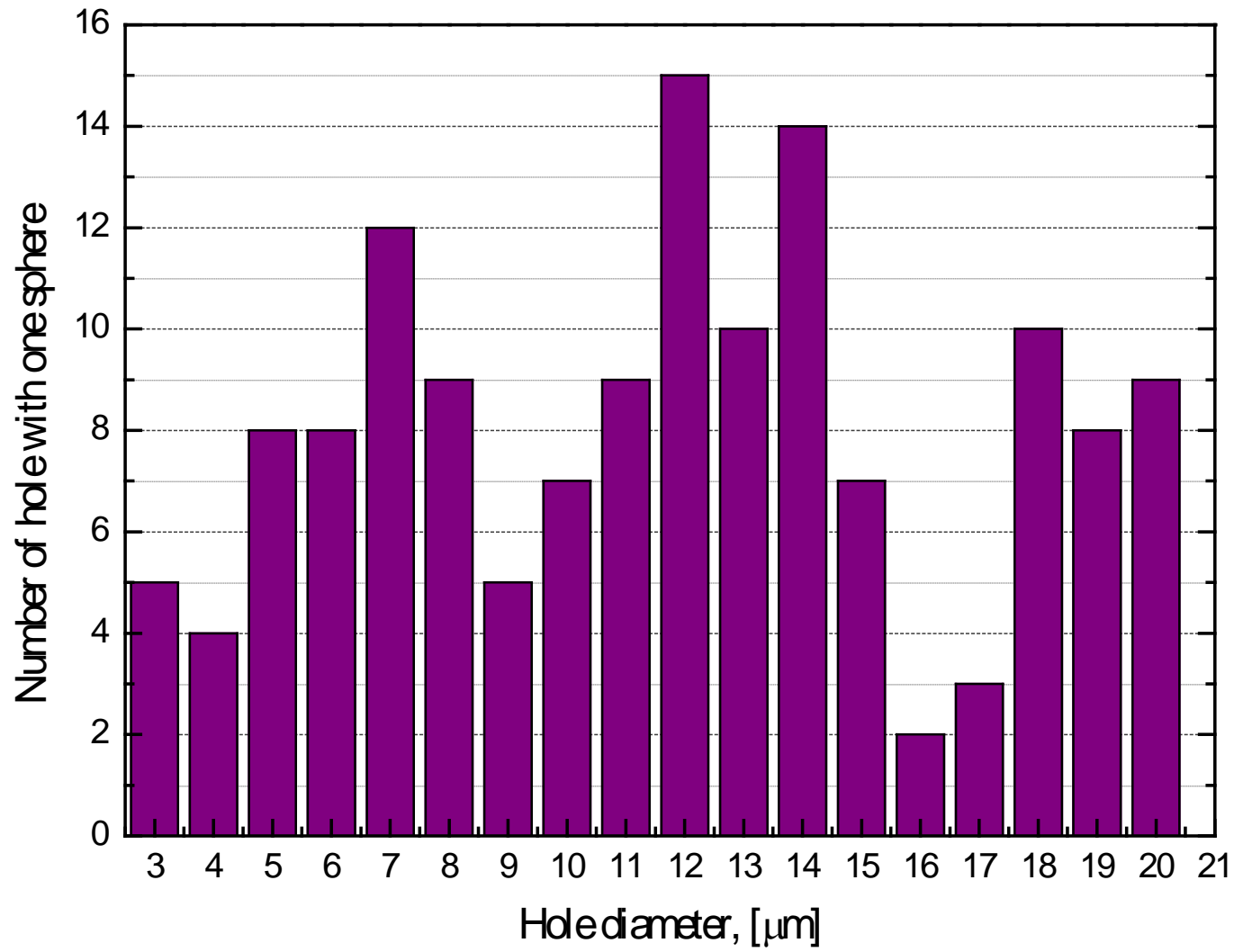
Before Liftoff

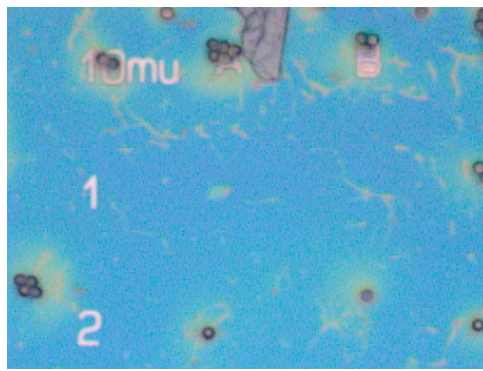




After Liftoff. $\varnothing = 10 \mu\text{m}$

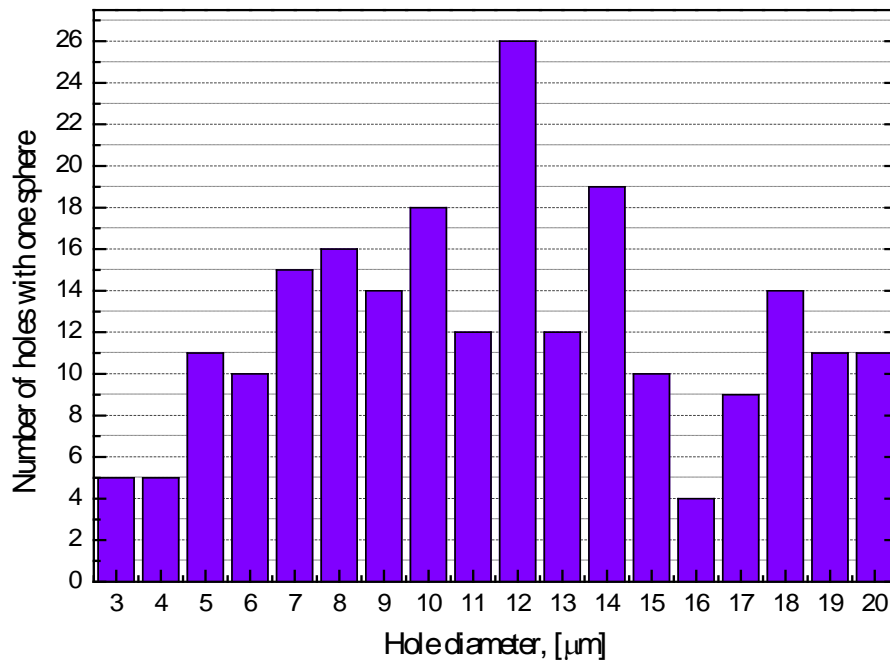




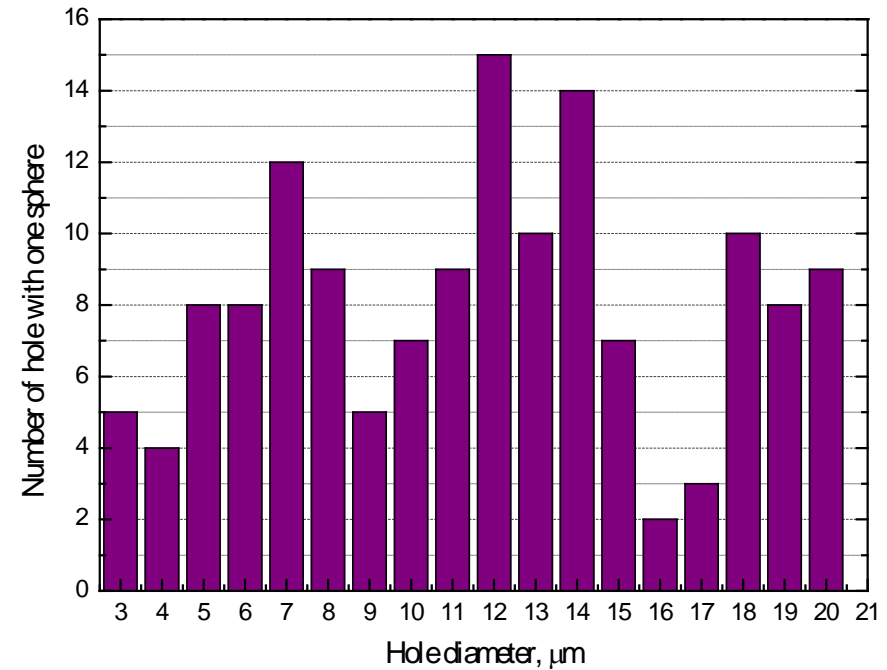


- The optimum hole diameter for microresonator is from 7 μm to 14 μm

Before Liftoff



After Liftoff



Acknowledgement

- Dr. Kilian Lenz
- Dr. Jürgen Lindner
- Anja Banholzer
- Tobias Schneider
- Gabi Steinbach
- Jacob Gollwitzer

Thank for your attention!