

## DSECOP280: Automated Object Detection Karan Shah DSECOP Fellow

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# Goals





#### Goals

- Relevant course: Introductory Classical Mechanics Lab Courses (also relevant Advanced Labs)
- Physics goals:
  - Basic numerical methods
  - Experiment setup
  - Dealing with noise
- Machine learning goals:
  - Introduction to Computer Vision (CV) from scratch
  - Application of CV for analyzing experiments









# Structure





### Structure

- Prerequisites:
  - Basic classical mechanics (already satisfied by being in lab)
  - numpy and matplotlib
- Lesson 1: Representation and manipulation of images in Python
- Lesson 2: Object tracking from scratch
- Lesson 3: Ready-to-use code for lab videos
- Components:
  - In-built interactive demonstrations and exercises
  - Mini-projects
  - In-lab use





# Submodules







## Introduction to CV (and manipulation using Linear Algebra)

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[1.,	1.,	0.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	0.,	1.,	1.],
[1.,	1.,	1.,	0.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	0.,	1.,	1.,	1.],
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[1.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	0.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	1.,	1.]]

Array representation









#### Introduction to CV - Pixel art warmup



#### Manipulate pixels

```
# Define the positions of the eyes and the smile. Student code:
eye1 = (4, 5)
eye2 = (4, 9)
# Set these positions to 0 (black). Student code:
image[eyel] = 0
image[eye2] = 0
# Fill in the smile. Student code:
image[(10,7)] = 0
for i in range(1,4):
    image[(10-i+1, 7-i)] = 0
    image[(10-i+1, 7+i)] = 0
```





#### Manipulate pixel colors

```
# Fill in the code snippets, hints in comments:
# Pick a pixel.
hat_pixel = (11, 18)
# Get pixel color.
mario_red = mario_image[hat_pixel][:]
# Set Luigi pixel color.
luigi_green = [96, 196, 69]
luigi_image = mario_image
# Select all red pixels, all three channels.
r_mask = mario_image[:,:,0] = mario_red[0]
g_mask = mario_image[:,:,1] = mario_red[1]
b_mask = mario_image[:,:,2] == mario_red[2]
# Combine the masks.
combined_mask = r_mask & g_mask & b_mask
# Change red pixels to green.
luigi_image[combined_mask] = luigi_green
```



#### Introduction to CV - Basic manipulations



Student code



Basic manipulations







### Introduction to CV - Kernels and Convolutions - Example: Edge Detection



Student code (boilerplate provided)





### Introduction to CV - Kernels and Convolutions - Example: Gaussian blur

Implement 2D Gaussian blur:









```
def gaussian_blur(kernel_size=20, sigma=5, ret = False):
   ax = np.arange(-kernel_size // 2 + 1., kernel_size // 2 + 1.)
   xx, yy = np.meshgrid(ax, ax)
   # Student code:
   kernel = np.exp(-(xx**2 + yy**2) / (2. * sigma**2))
   kernel = kernel / np.sum(kernel)
   # End student code.
   blurred_image = cv2.filter2D(image, -1, kernel)
```

# Lesson 2 Object tracking



Example experiment video





# Lesson 2 Object tracking - Simple algorithm with OpenCV operations



Input

Difference of frames



Output

Convex hulls



Connected components

#### Binary threshold



### Trajectory estimation

- Filtering noise
- Gradient calculation





Position



i=0	Coords:	<b>x</b> =43,	<u>у</u> =88,	w=55,	h=49	Detections:	1
i=1	Coords:	<b>x</b> =47,	<b>y</b> =88,	w=56,	h=51	Detections:	1
i=2	Coords:	<b>x</b> =52,	<b>y</b> =88,	w=55,	h=51	Detections:	1
i=3	Coords:	<b>x</b> =57,	<b>y</b> =88,	w=56,	h=52	Detections:	1
i=4	Coords:	<b>x</b> =64,	<b>у</b> =89,	w=56,	h=51	Detections:	1
i=5	Coords:	<b>x</b> =71,	<b>у</b> =89,	w=56,	h=53	Detections:	1
i=6	Coords:	<b>x</b> =77,	<b>y</b> =90,	w=58,	h=52	Detections:	1
i=7	Coords:	<b>x</b> =85,	<b>y</b> =90,	w=59,	h=54	Detections:	1
i=8	Coords:	x=93,	y=91,	w=60,	h=53	Detections:	1

#### Sample output



Trajectory extracted from the example.



#### Automatic Tracking

0

20

30

python 03\_auto\_tracking.py spring spring Found directory spring. Moving there. [INFO] Read video file in spring Detection mode: 1. Manual Region of Interest Selection 2. Automatic using YOLO (Default 1)1 [INFO] Detection mode 1 [INFO] Detection mode 1 [INFO] Manual detection Select a ROI and then press SPACE or ENTER button!

Run provided code

2 options:

1) OpenCV Tracking

2) Automatic NN tracking

(recognizes circular objects)

Input video







CSV + Recording + Plots

Video annotation



# Lesson 3 Not so automatic



Example of bad annotation





Good annotation



Trajectory for good annotation case



## **Mini-projects**

#### 1. Hybrid Images (After Notebook 1)



2. Combine with Symbolic Regression and Numerical Methods modules (After Notebook 2)



Symbolic Regression - Joseph Dominicus Lap

	-2	1		
1	1	-2	1	
$\frac{1}{(\mathbf{A}\mathbf{V})^2}$		1	-2	1
$(\Delta \Lambda)^2$			1	-2
				1

Solving Differential Equations in Classical Mechanics with Neural Networks - Julie Butler





	$u_1$		$d_1$
	u <sub>2</sub>		d2
	<b>u</b> <sub>3</sub>	=	d <sub>3</sub>
1	<b>u</b> 4		d4
-2	u5		d5

### **Supplementary:**

Gentle Introduction to Neural Networks (with plumbing and colors)



Neural Network (Trainable Parameters)



#### In module: Learning the Schrödinger Equation

### Sample Lesson Plan

- Take home Lesson 1: Image Manipulation (2 hours)
- In class General discussion of requisite Linear Algebra (1 hour)
- Take home Lesson 2 and Lesson 3: With included examples (1 hour)
- Mini-Project (2 - 4 hours)
- In lab Lesson 2 and Lesson 3 With videos of own experiments



### Alternatives

- LoggerPro Frame by frame annotation
- Physlets Tracker Java based, Open source
- Vernier sensors Need sensor hardware

### **Request for videos**

- If you use this module in your lab course, can you also share some sample videos that your students take?
- Can be used to train a custom neural network specialised for lab experiments.
- Question: What tools are already being used in lab?









# Conclusion







## Conclusion

- Module can be used for a lab course
- Should be <u>actively modified by students</u> during labs
- Can be combined with DSECOP Modules: Symbolic Regression, Numerical Methods
- Computer vision can be useful in research too (eg image segmentation)













### **Future work**

- Fine-tuning Yolo network used here to detect common lab objects
- Advanced models: "Track Anything"





# Thank you! **Questions Comments Concerns?**

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Feedback form: https://bit.ly/DSECOP-feedback

Feedback





GitHub

